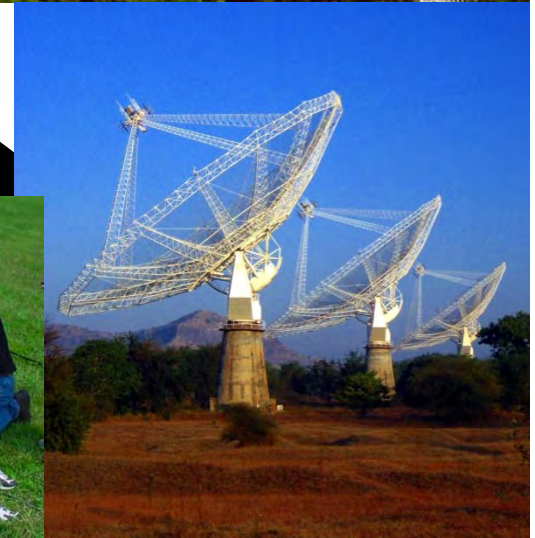
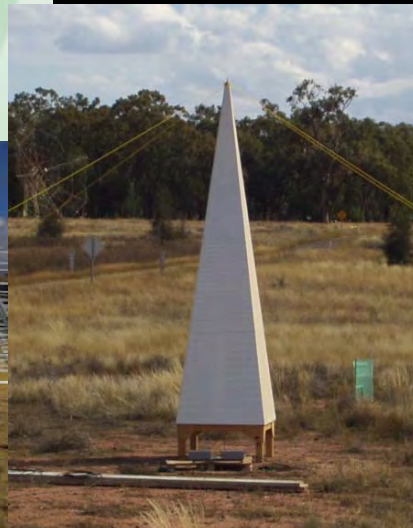
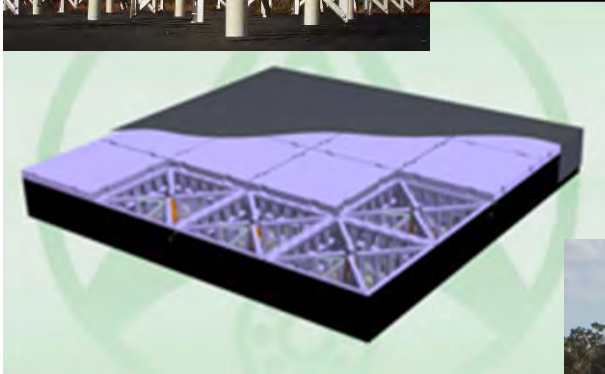


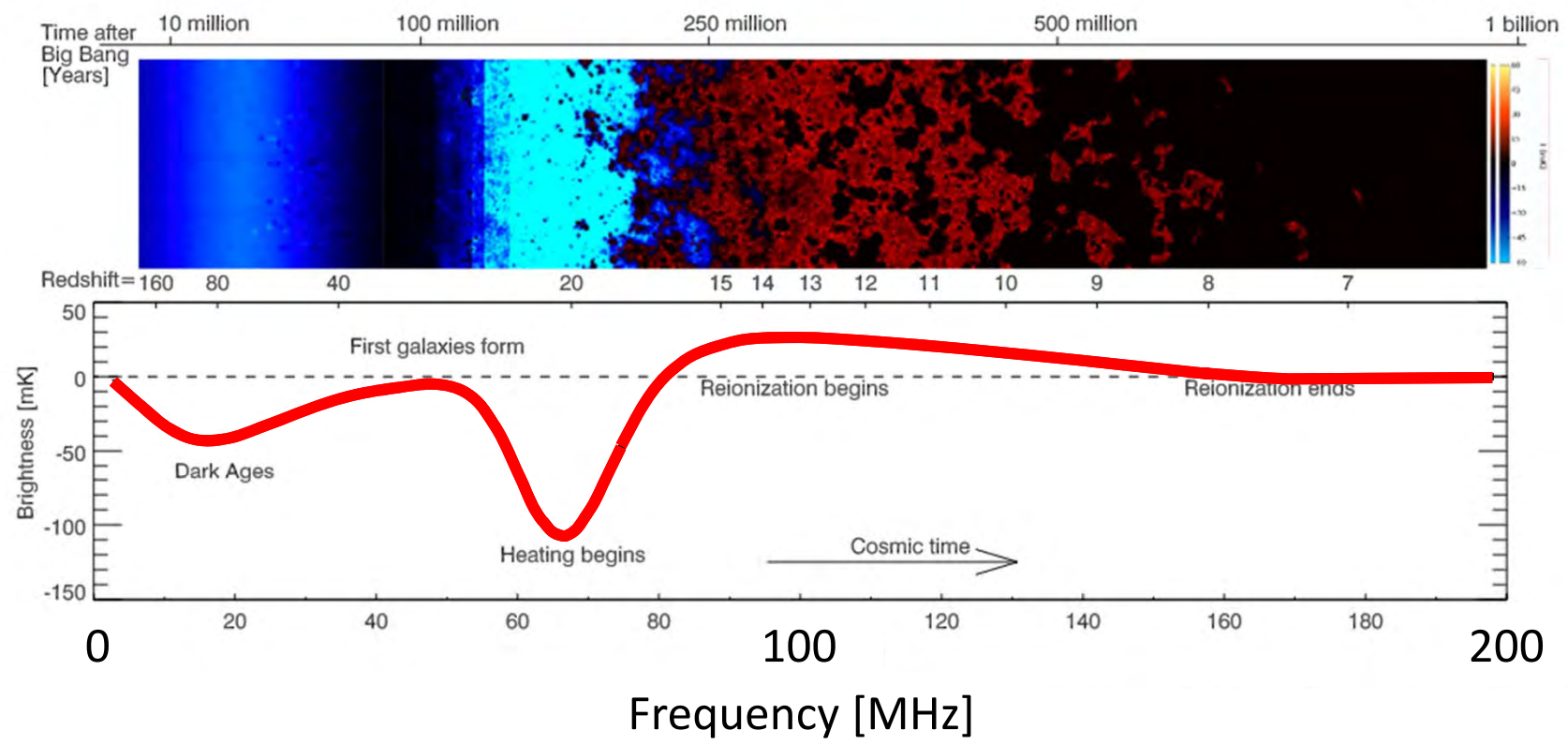
# Pursuit of Primordial Hydrogen



# Radio Spectrum from 0 – 200 MHz: absorption & emission in 21cm line

Rep. Prog. Phys. 75 (2012) 086901

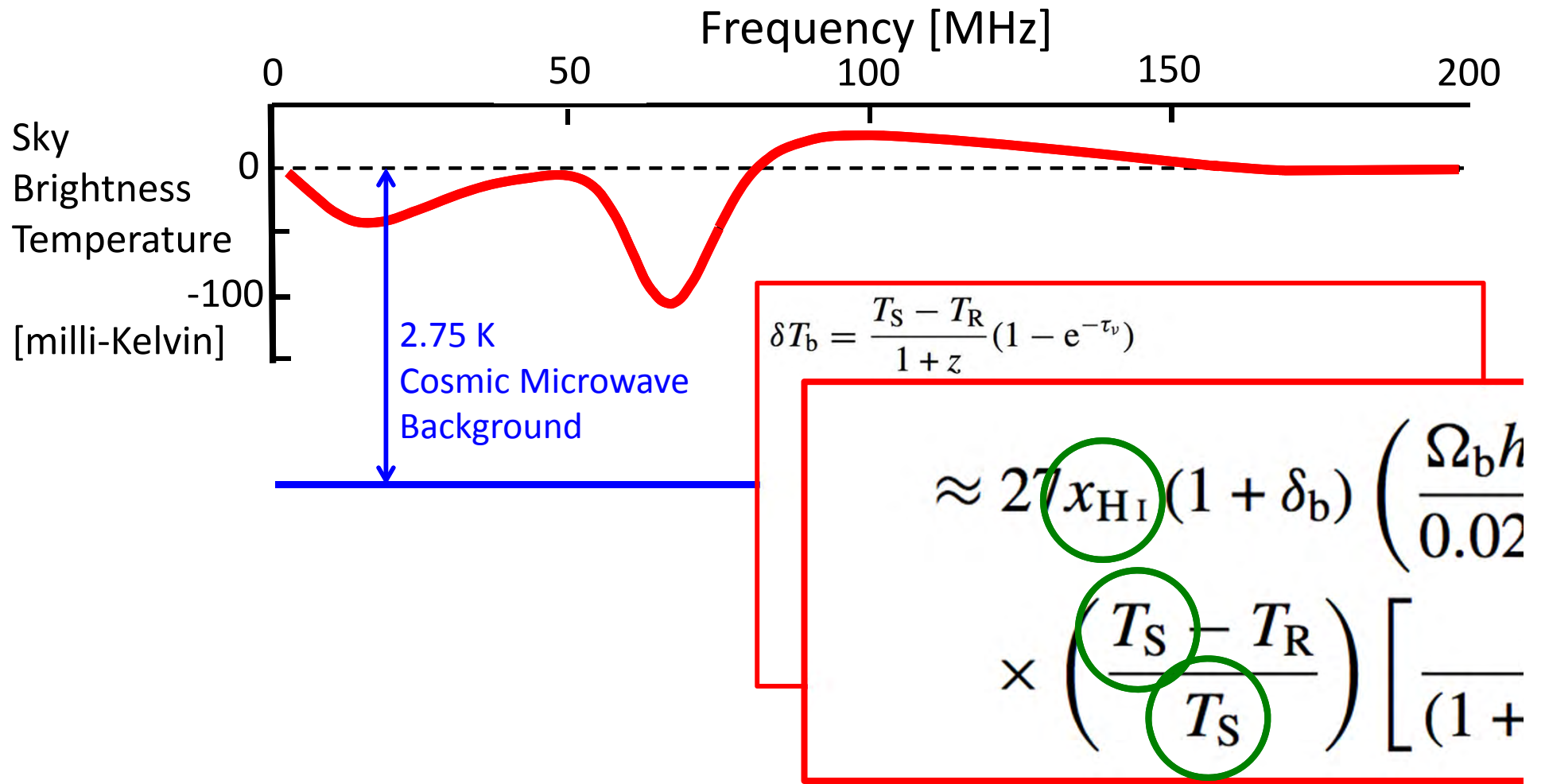
J R Pritchard and A Loeb



\* Cautionary Note \*

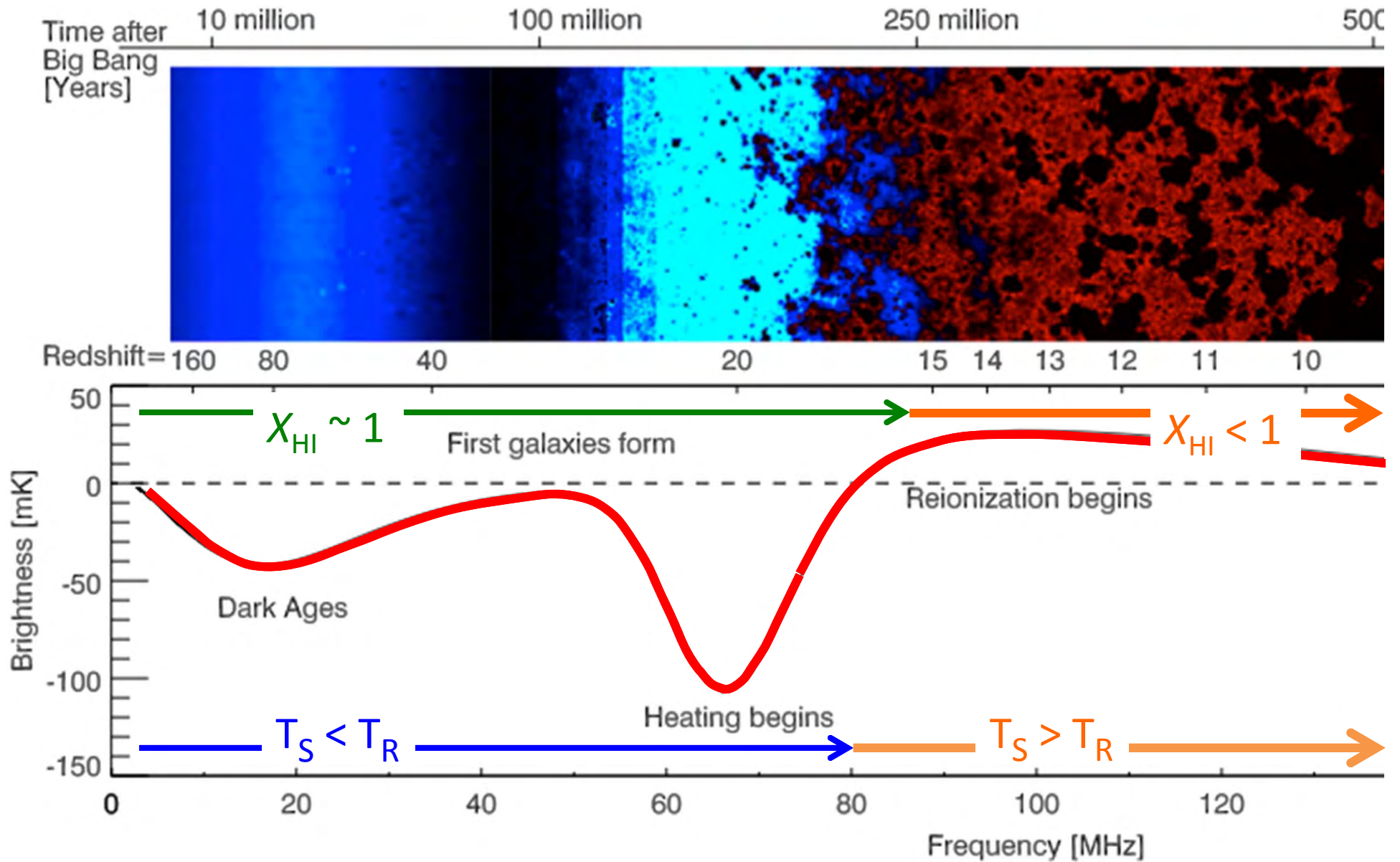
# Radio Spectrum from 0 – 200 MHz:

absorption & emission in 21cm line

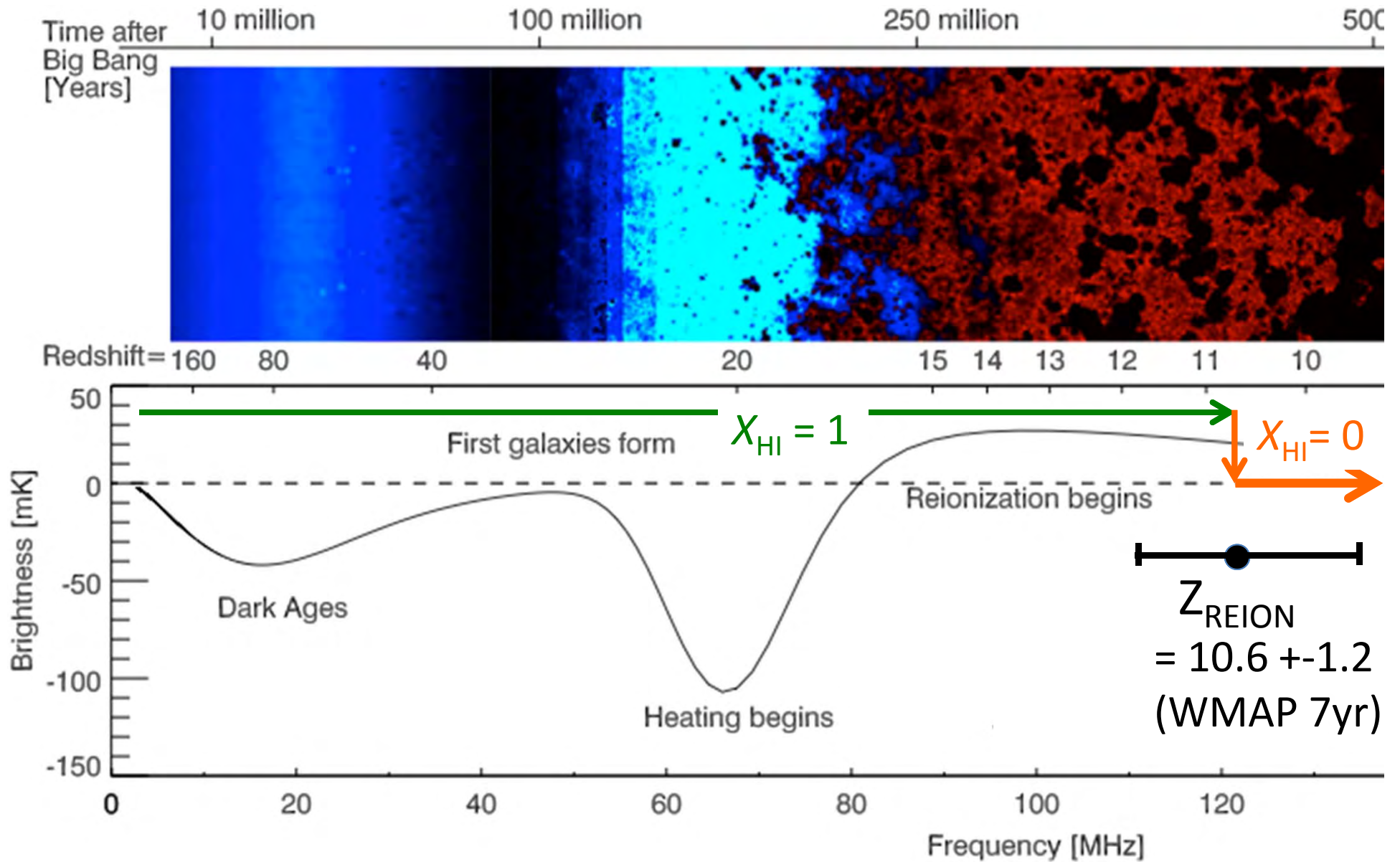




# Radio Spectrum from 0 – 200 MHz: absorption & emission in 21cm line

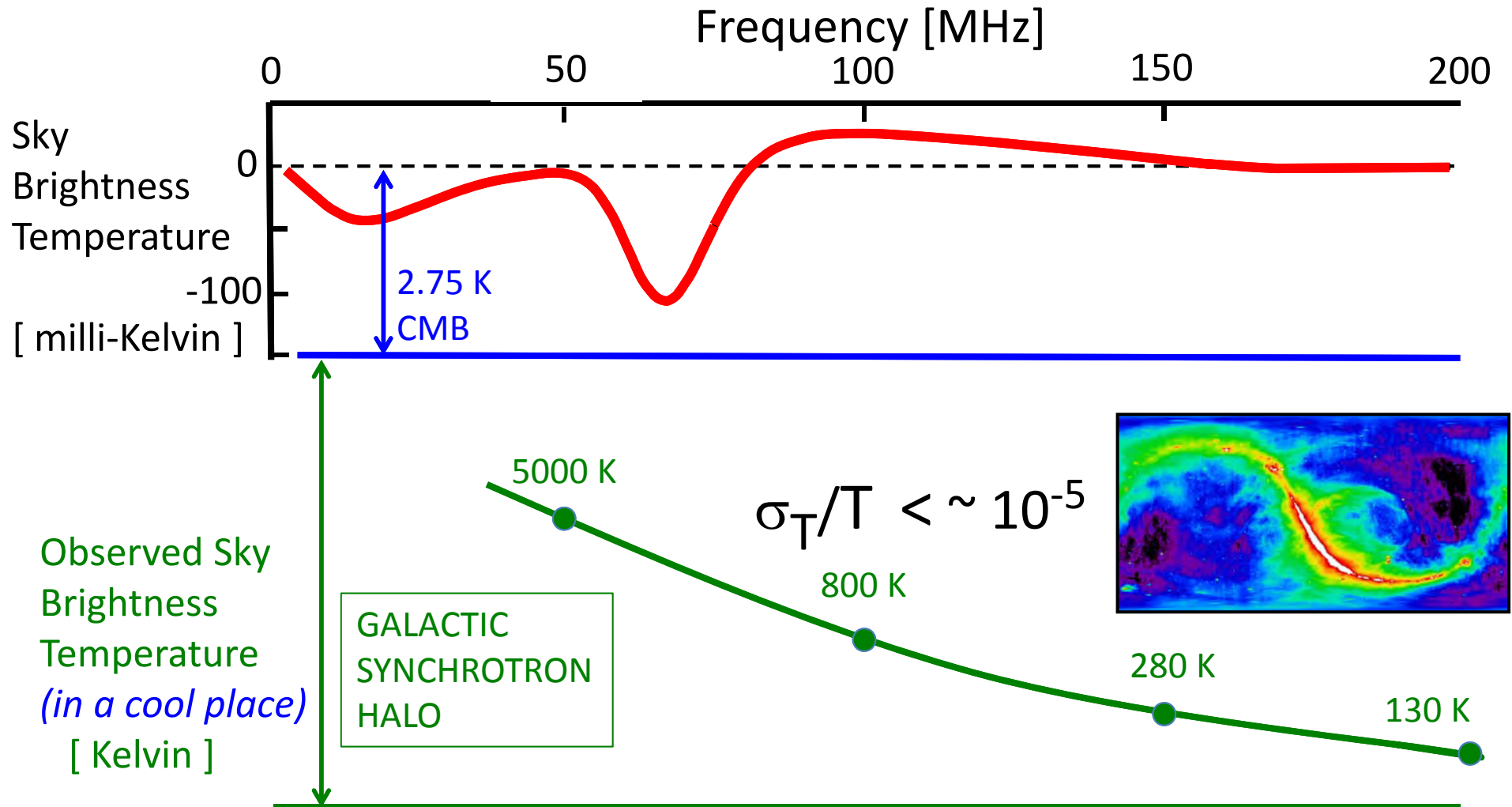


# Radio Spectrum from 0 – 200 MHz: absorption & emission in 21cm line



# Radio Spectrum from 0 – 200 MHz:

## **Scary**, Scary, Scary Experiment



## Literature Trail

2000 Tozzi, P.; Madau, P.; Meiksin, A.; Rees, M. J., ApJ...528..597

Radio Signatures of H I at High Redshift: Mapping the End of the "Dark Ages"

**1997 Madau, Meiksin, Rees, ApJ...475..429**

**21 Centimeter Tomography of the Intergalactic Medium at High Redshift**

1990 Scott, D.; Rees, M. J., MNRAS.247..510

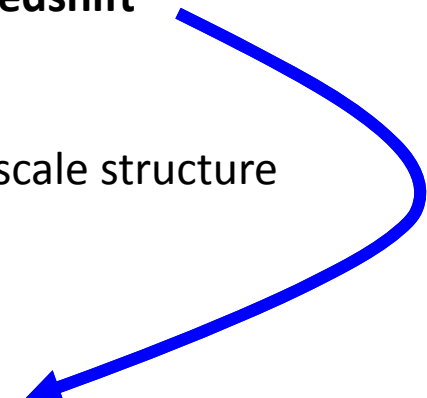
The 21-cm line at high redshift: a diagnostic for the origin of large scale structure

1979 Hogan, C. J.; Rees, M. J., MNRAS.188..791

Spectral appearance of non-uniform gas at high Z

**1999 Shaver, Windhorst, Madau, de Bruyn, Astron. Ap. 345, 380–390**

**Can the reionization epoch be detected as a global signature in the cosmic background?**



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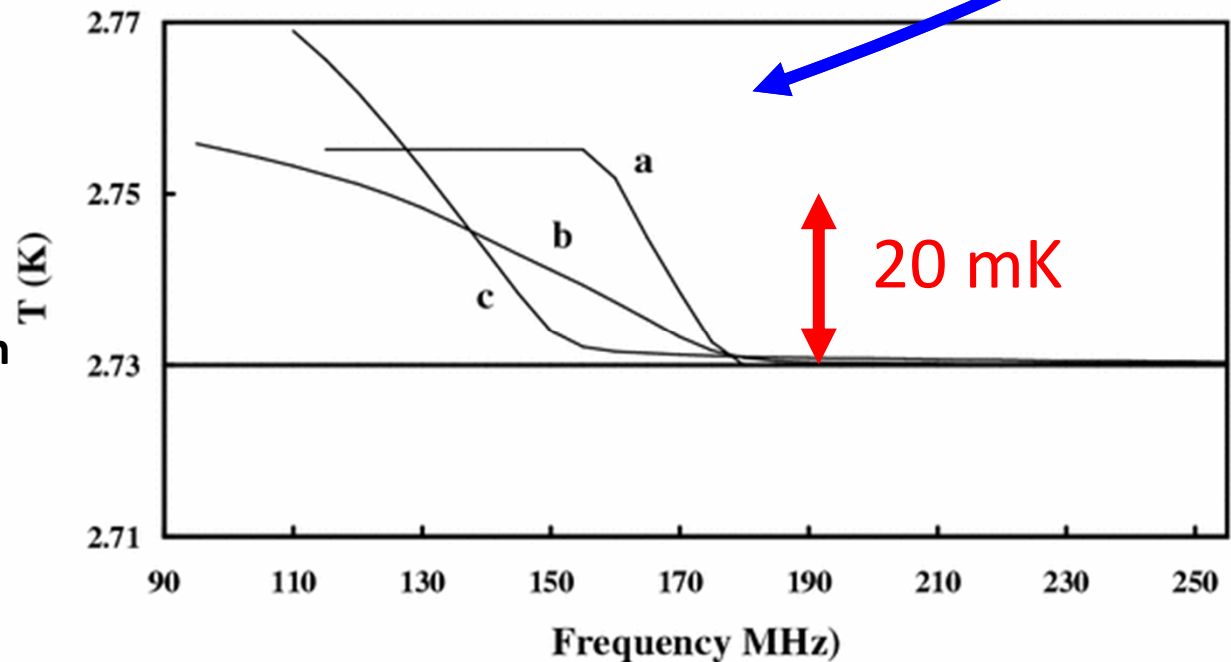
1979 Hogan, C. J.; Rees, M. J., MNRAS.188..791

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1999 Shaver, Windhorst,  
Madau, de Bruyn,

Astron. Ap. 345, 380–390

**Can the reionization epoch be  
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the cosmic background?**





# Literature Trail

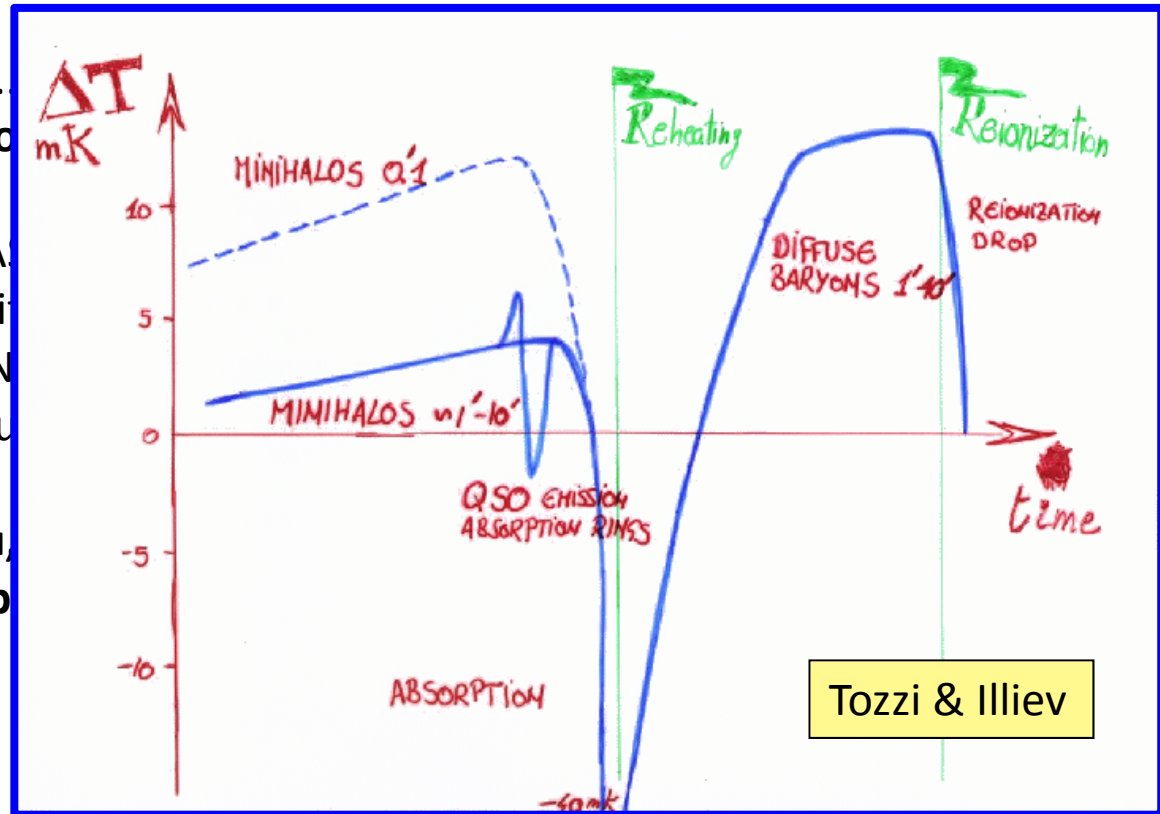
2000 Tozzi, P.; Madau, P.; Meiksin, A.; Rees, M. J., ApJ...528..597  
 Radio Signatures of H I at High Redshift: Mapping the End of the "Dark Ages"

1997 Madau, Meiksin, Rees, ApJ.  
 21 Centimeter Tomography of

1990 Scott, D.; Rees, M. J., MNRAS  
 The 21-cm line at high redshift

1979 Hogan, C. J.; Rees, M. J., MNRAS  
 Spectral appearance of non-uniform

1999 Shaver, Windhorst, Madau, Rees  
 Can the reionization epoch be



## Literature Trail

2000 Tozzi, P.; Madau, P.; Meiksin, A.; **Rees**, M. J., ApJ...528..597  
Radio Signatures of H I at High Redshift: Mapping the End of

1997 **Madau, Meiksin, Rees**, ApJ...475..429  
**21 Centimeter Tomography of the Intergalactic Medium at**

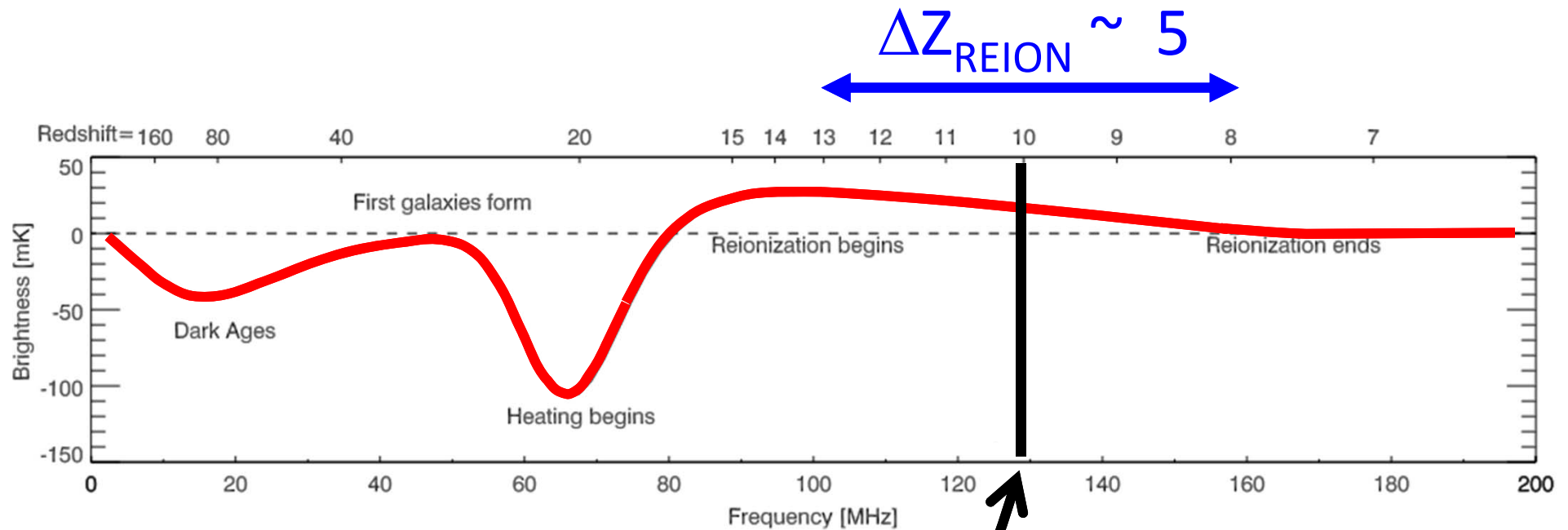
1990 Scott, D.; **Rees**, M. J., MNRAS.247..510  
The 21-cm line at high redshift: a diagnostic for the origin of

1979 **Hogan, C. J.; Rees, M. J.**, MNRAS.188..791  
Spectral appearance of non-uniform gas at high Z



- “Dark Age”
- $\Delta Z_{\text{REION}} > \sim 1$

# Radio Spectrum from 0 – 200 MHz:



## Current Global HI 21cmLine State of the Art:

A lower limit of  $\Delta z > 0.06$  for the duration of the reionization epoch,

Judd D. Bowman & Alan E. E. Rogers,

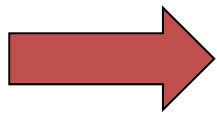
796 | NATURE | VOL 468 | 9 DECEMBER 2010

# Integration times ?

$$bw = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

$$T_{\text{sys}} = T_{\text{sky}} = 250 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta T = 2 \text{ mK} = 800 / \sqrt{1 \text{ MHz} \times 2 \tau}$$



$$\underline{\tau = 20 \text{ hours}}$$



# “The Z=20 Expt”

JR, FB, et al

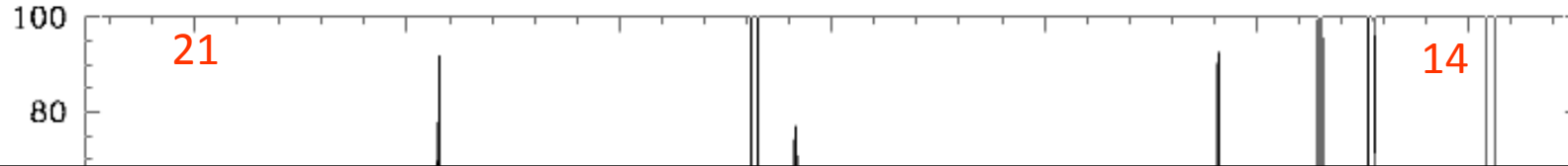


74 MHz feed

# “The Z=20 Expt”



# “The Z=20 Expt”: I.



Bill Erickson:

“You haven’t yet begun  
to scratch the surface of the problem”

- Low frequency imaging is all-sky imaging
- There’s an extra source of noise at low freq...

Frequency [MHz]

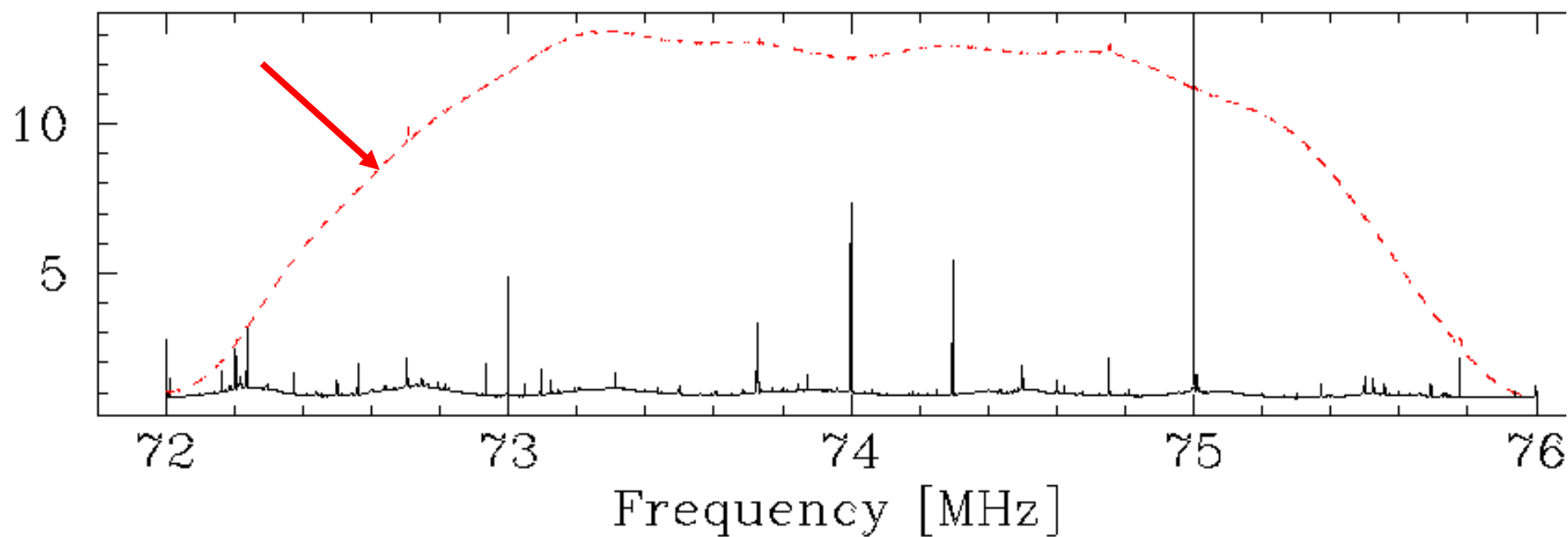
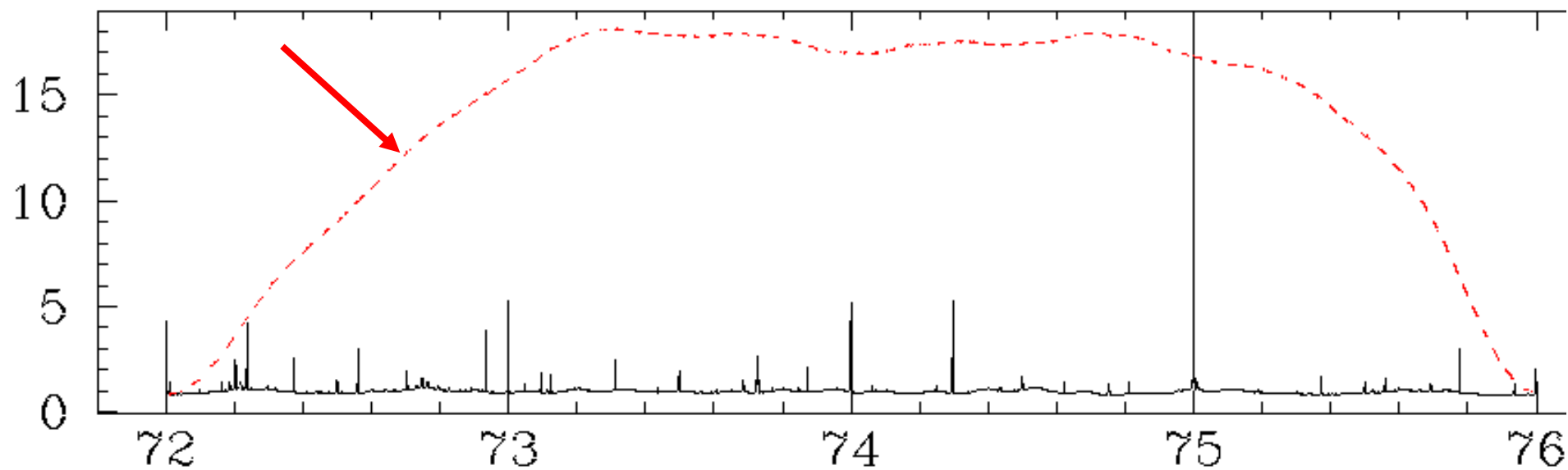
# “The Z=20 Expt”: II.

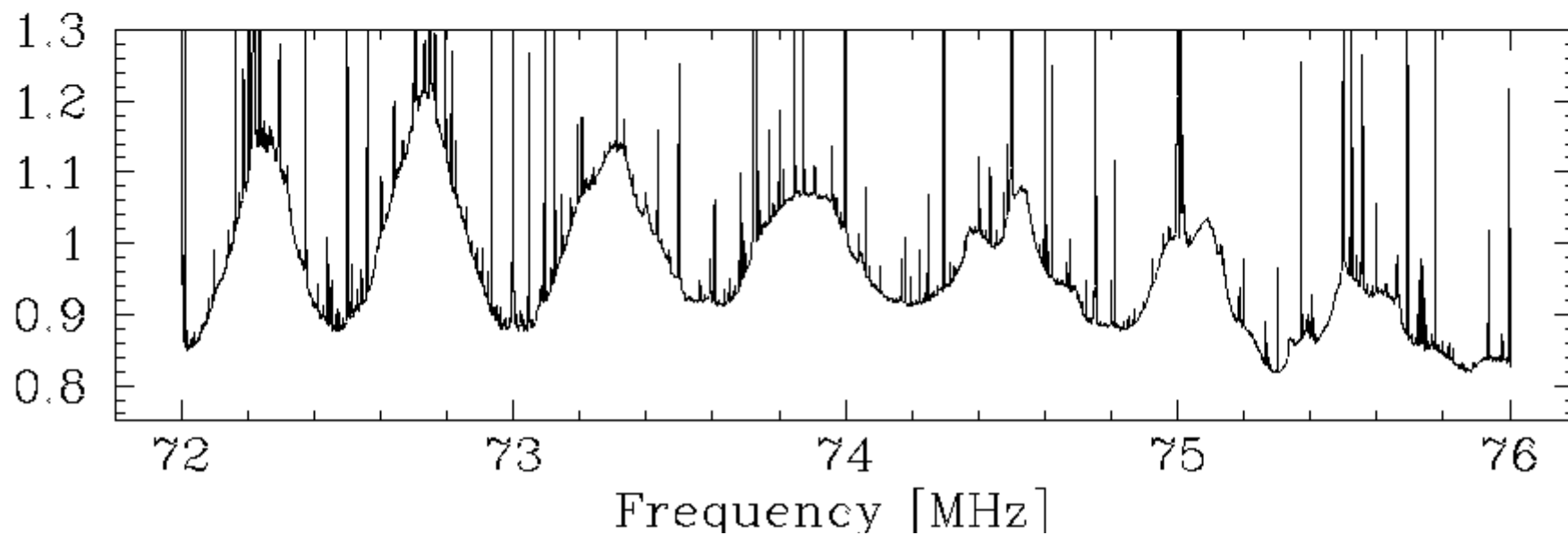
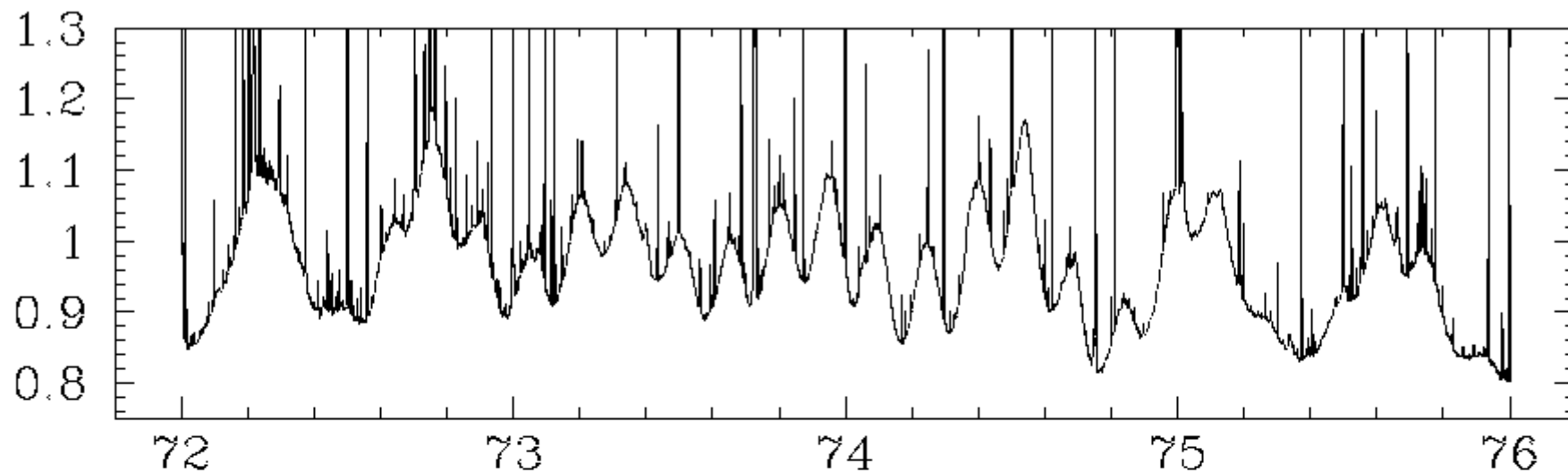
4 MHz bandwidths

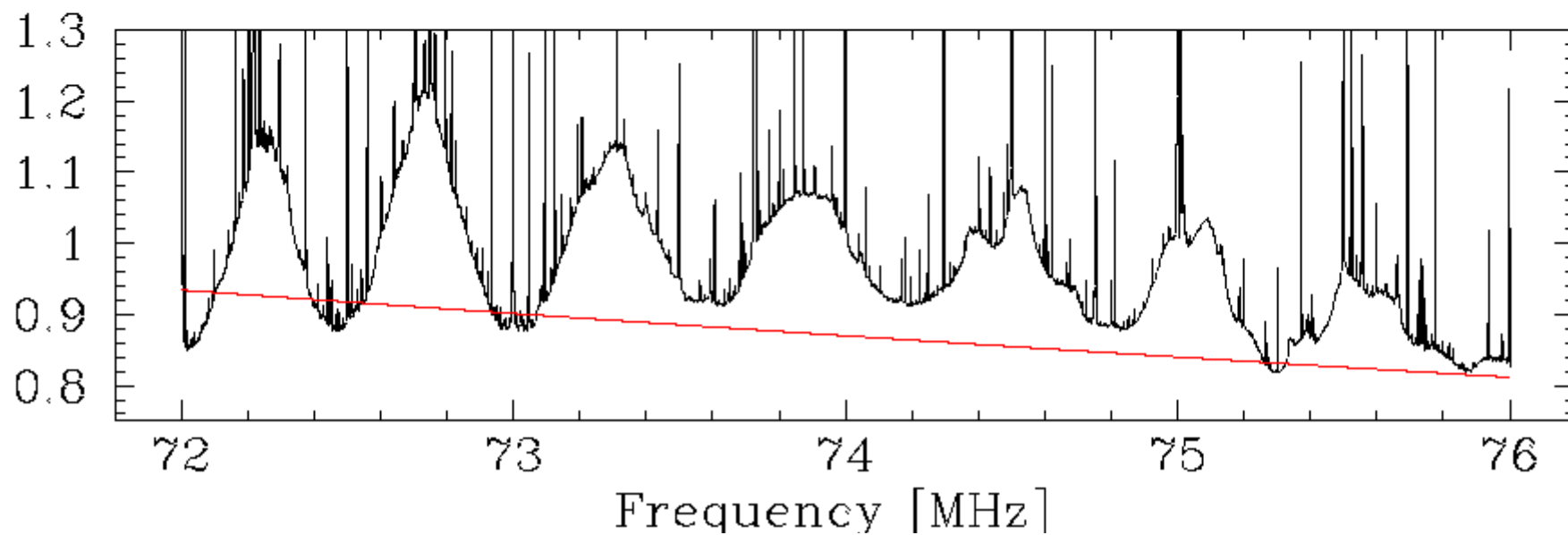
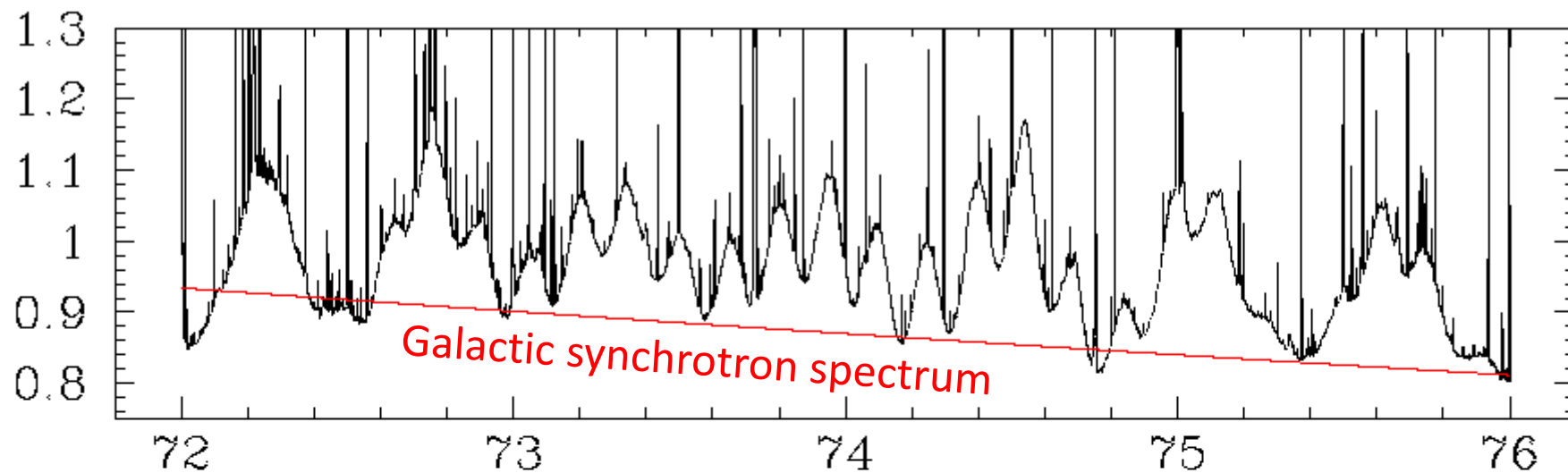
8192 channels per polarisation



Passband filters (from load scan) and RFI (from sky scan)

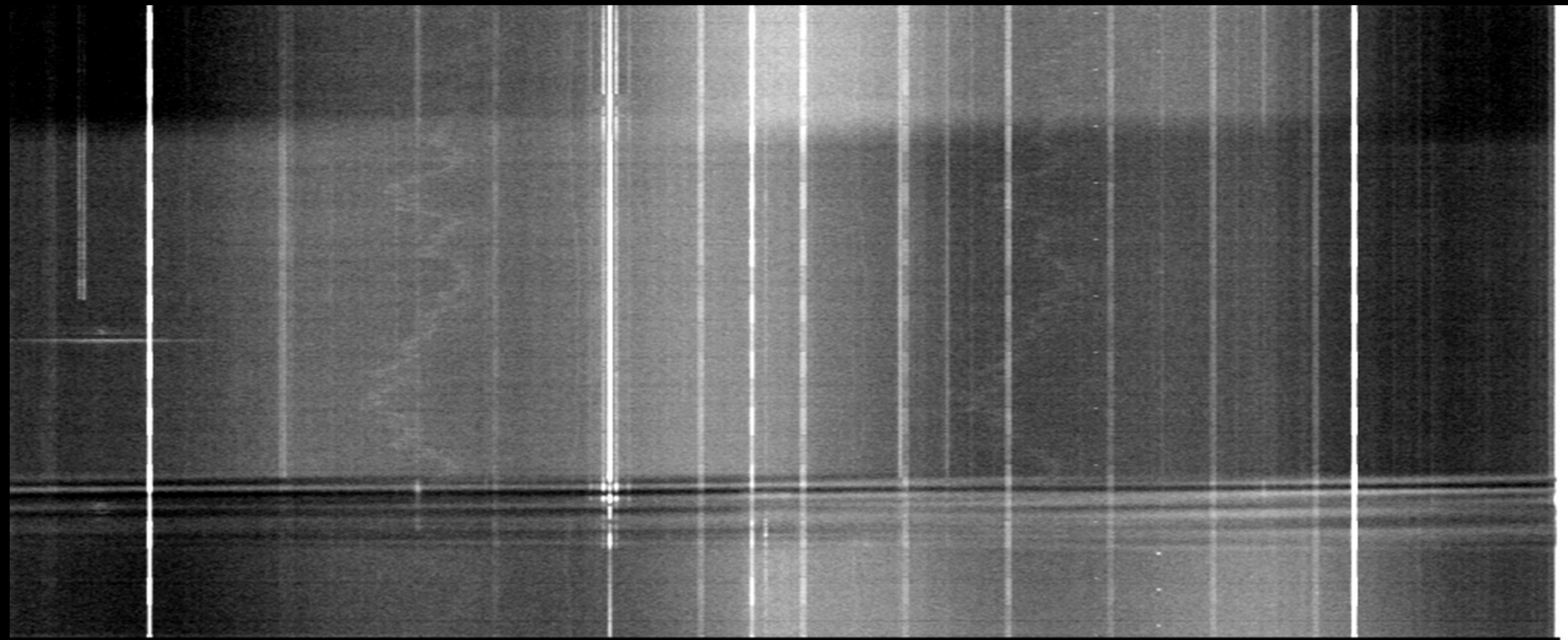






50 minutes

Full Resolution: 5 sec, 1 KHz

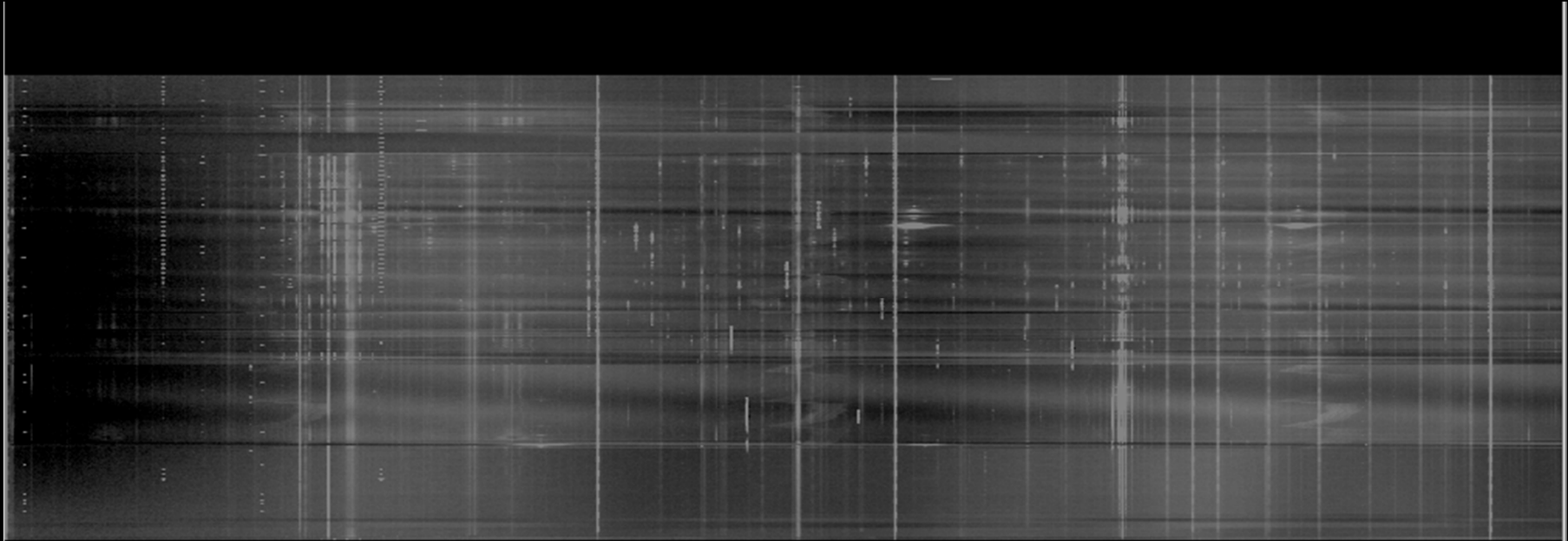


72.5 MHz

73 MHz



17 Hours (1 scan in 20)

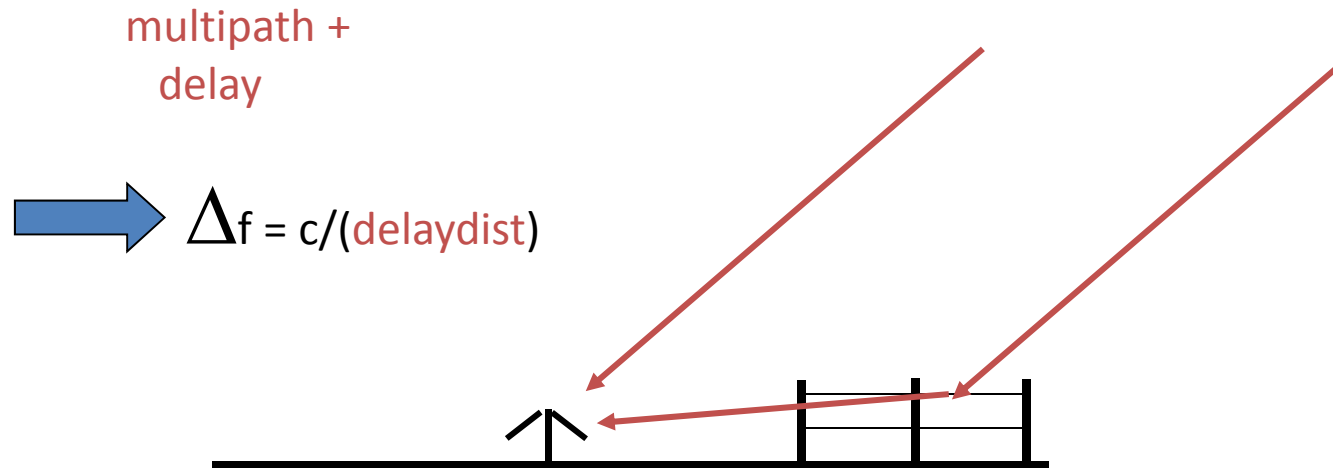


72 MHz

73 MHz

“You’ve begun to scratch the surface  
of the problem”

# Scattered radiation – Multipath and Cable Impedance Mismatch



Small, simple...

< 1m dipole... in big  
empty area

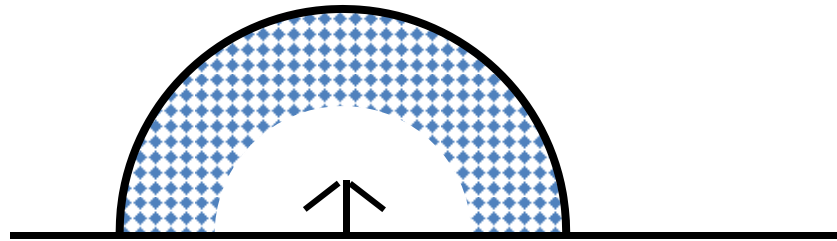


Small, simple...

Calibration ?

“Thermal Igloo”

- made of absorbing foam



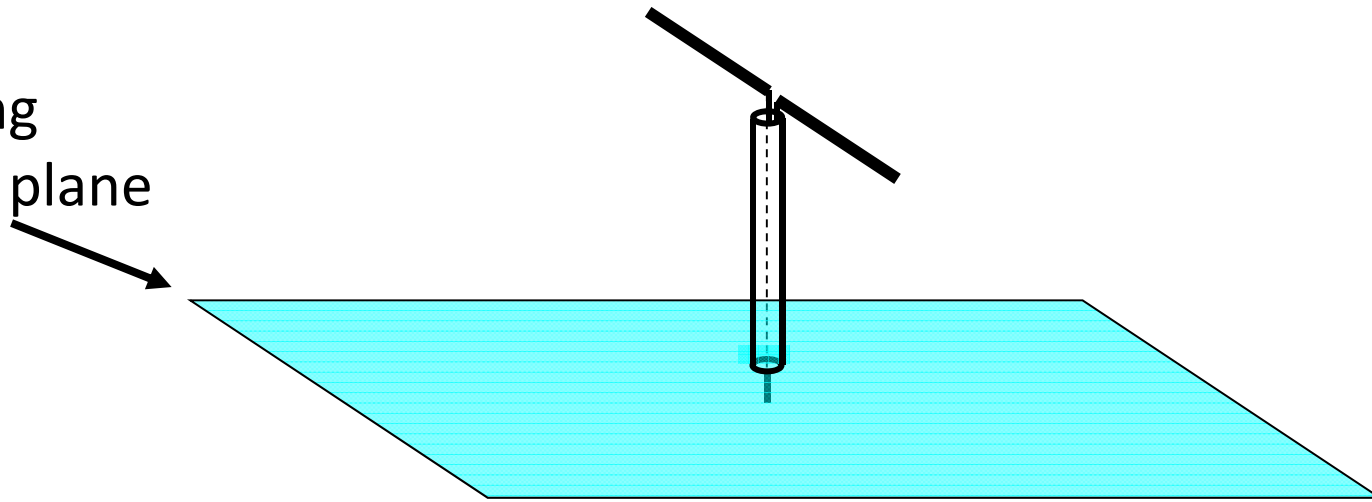
⇒ ~300 K

Spectrally smooth artificial sky



# Dipole + ground plane

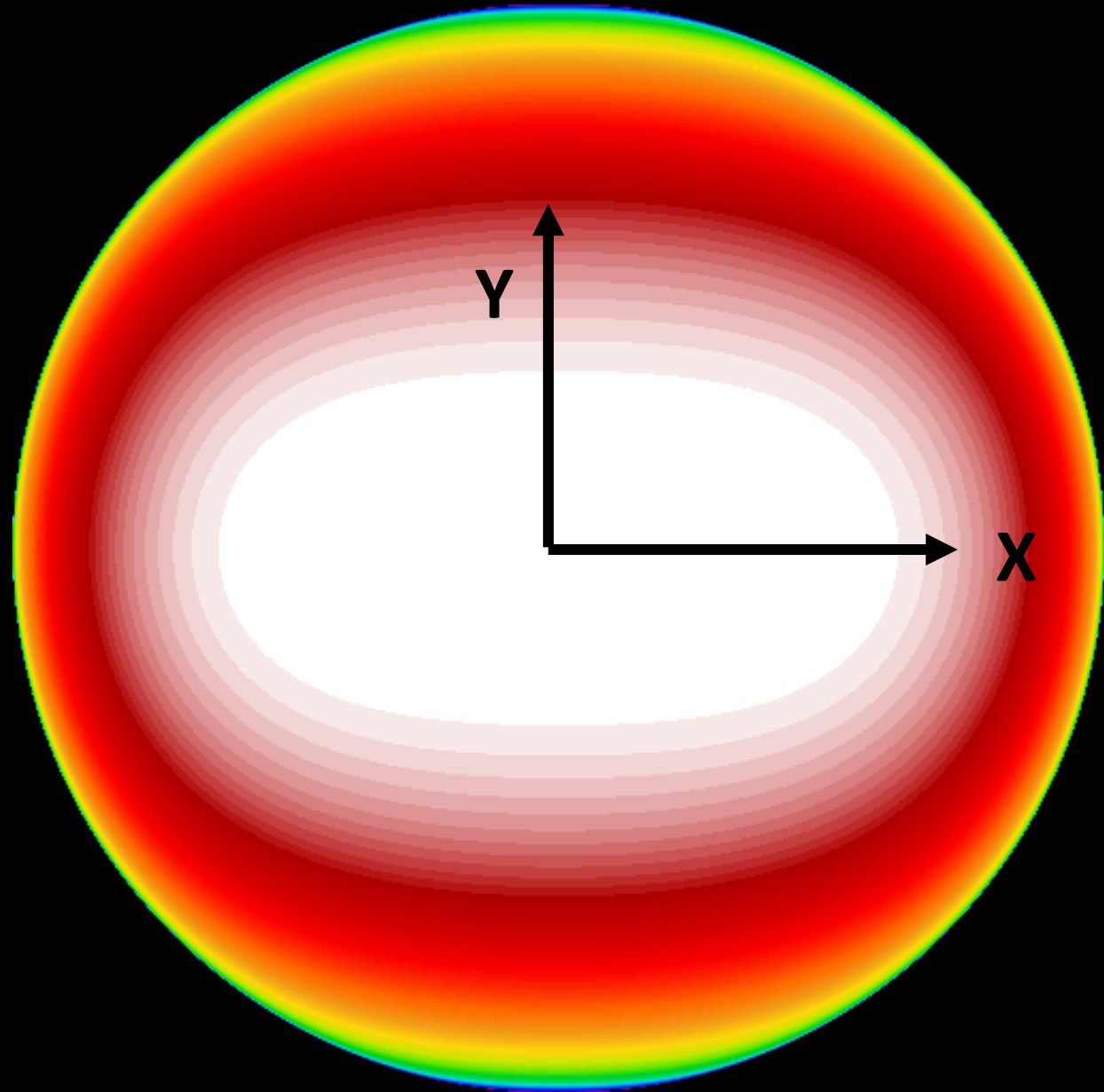
conducting  
ground plane



# Dipole

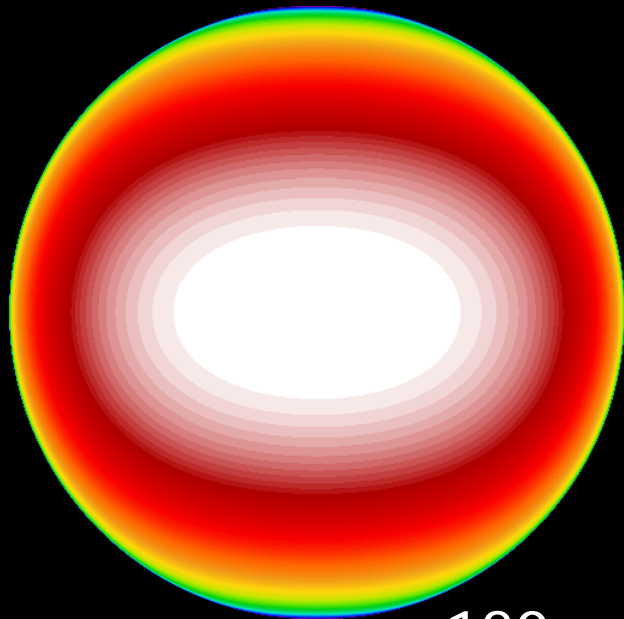
over ground  
plane

Tuned for  
150 MHz

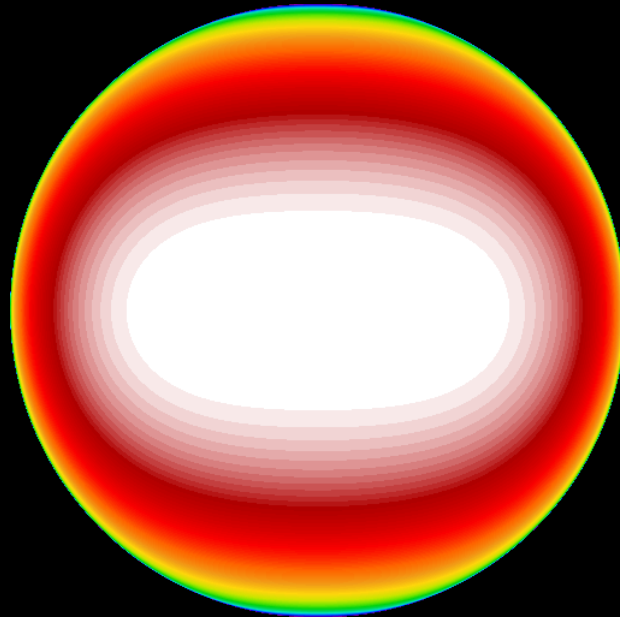


Dipole

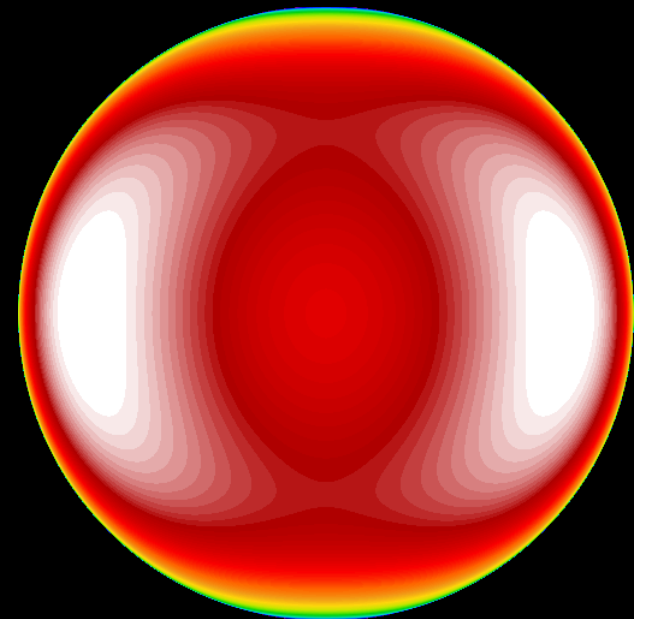
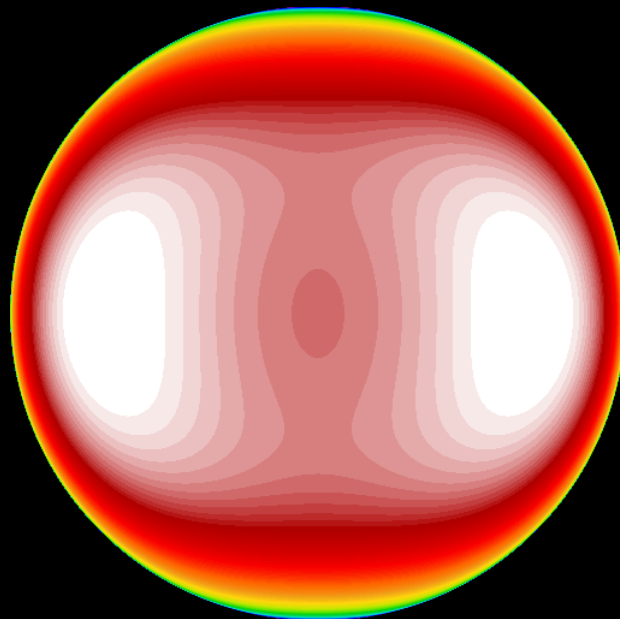
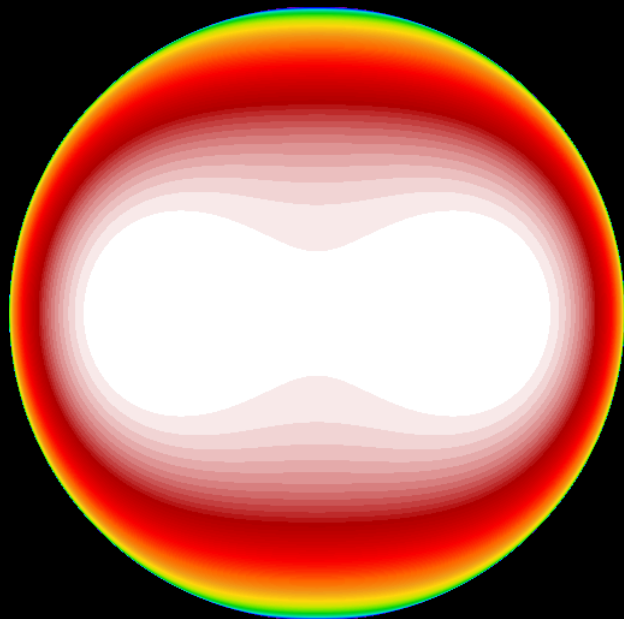
Tuned for  
150 MHz



120  
180

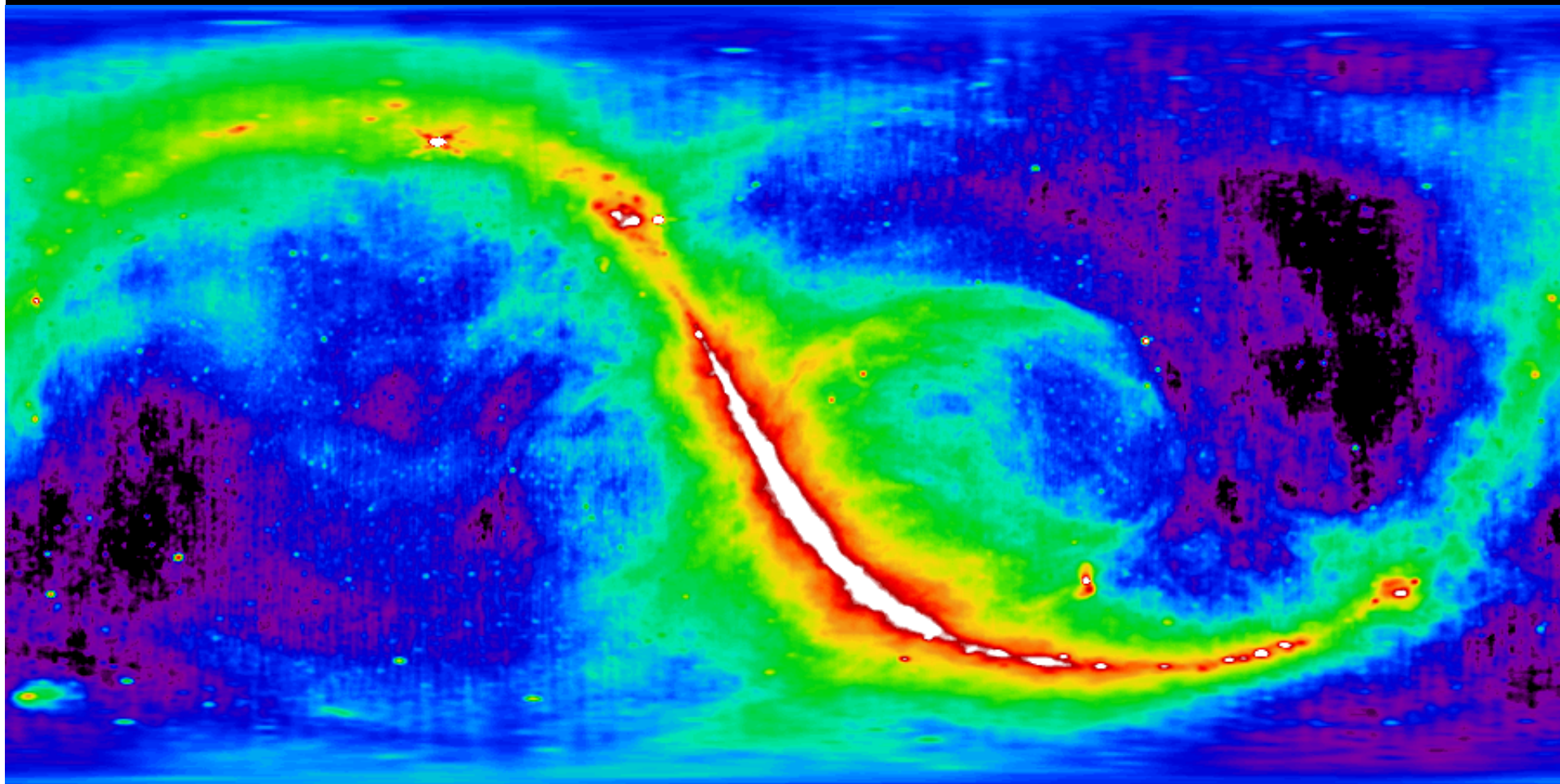


150  
210 MHz

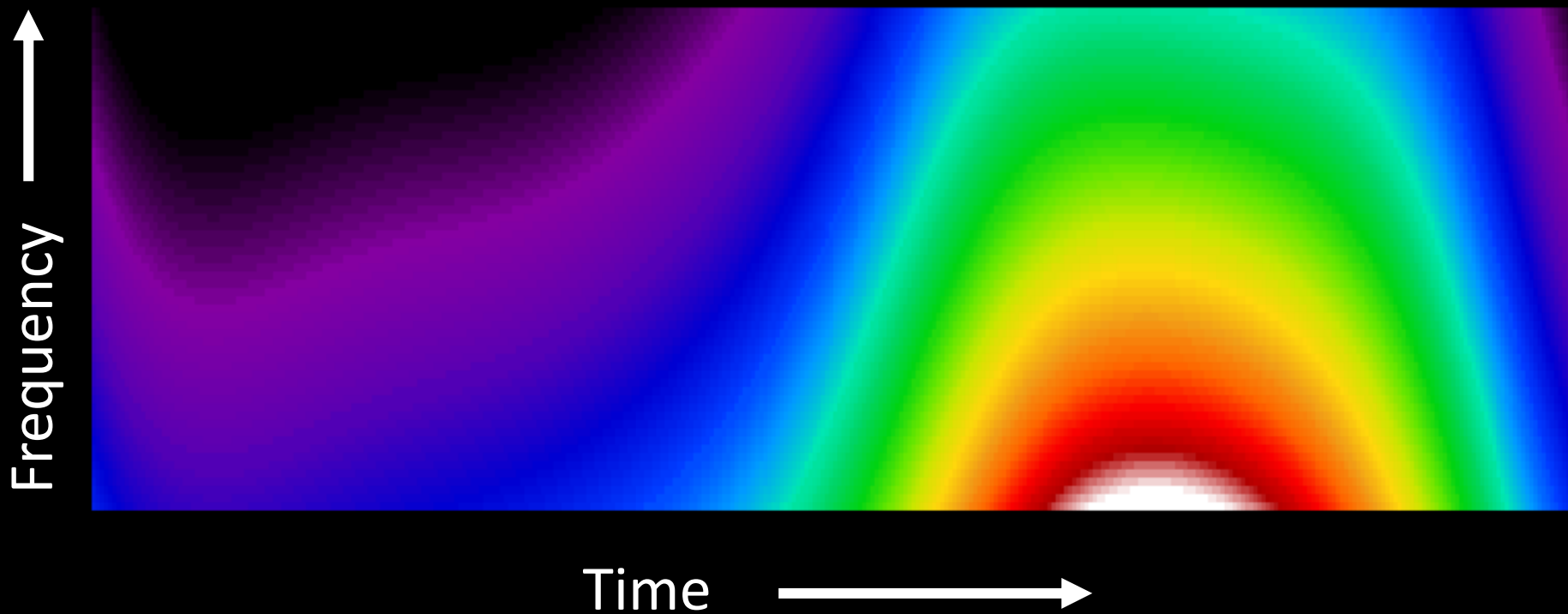


240 MHz

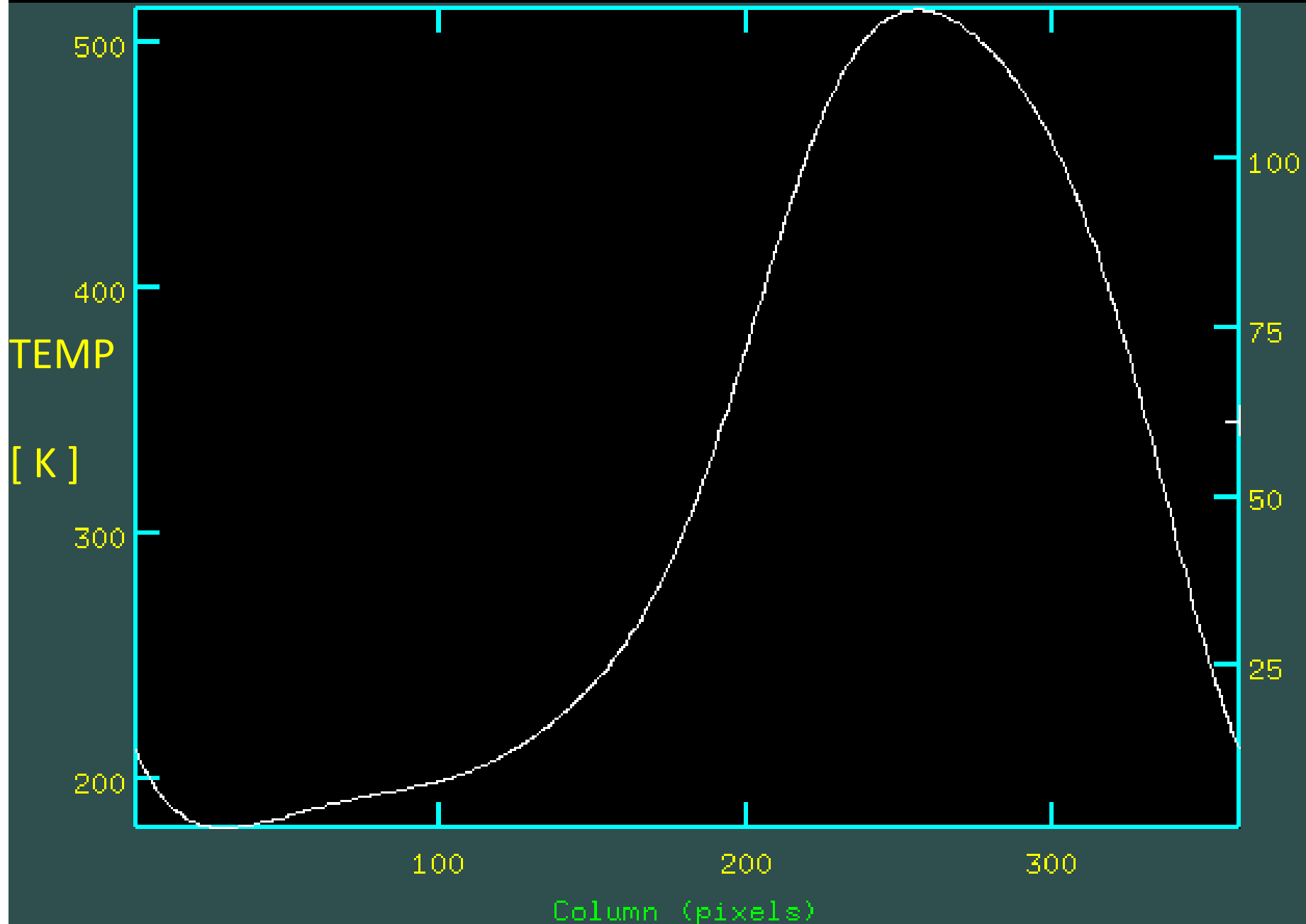
Radio sky in 408 MHz continuum (Haslam et al)



# Response of dipole to sky: Frequency - Time

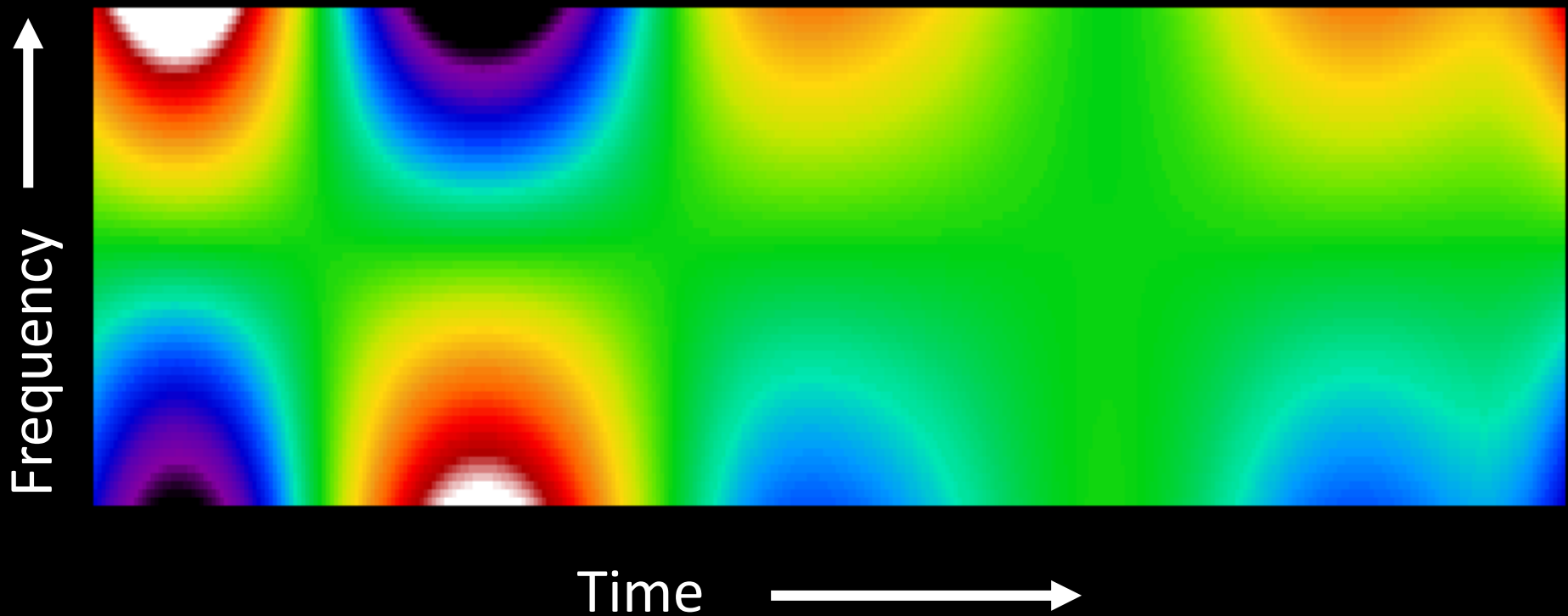


# Antenna Temperature vs Time (RA)



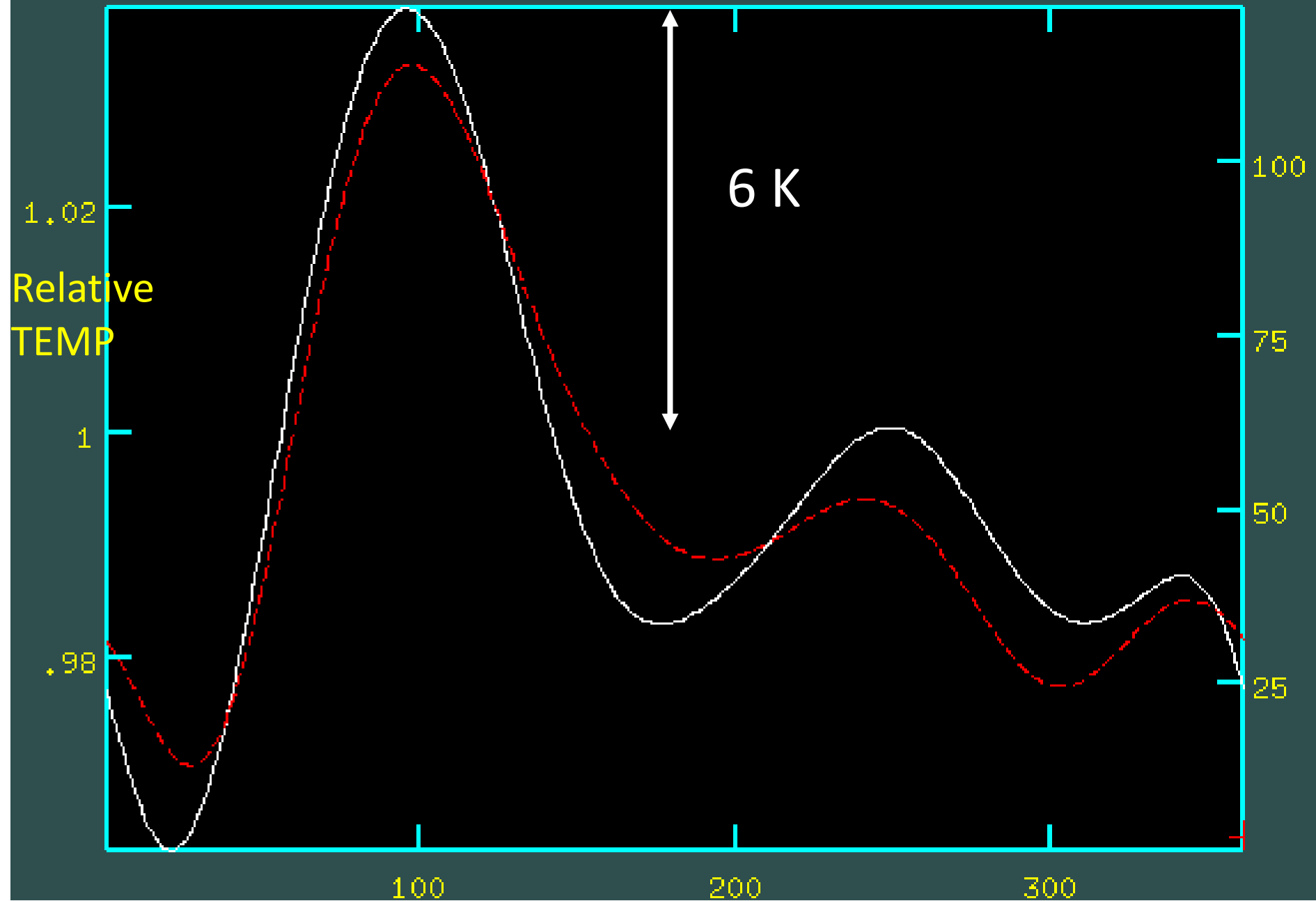
Response of dipole to sky: Frequency - Time

After “baselining” -- like crazy

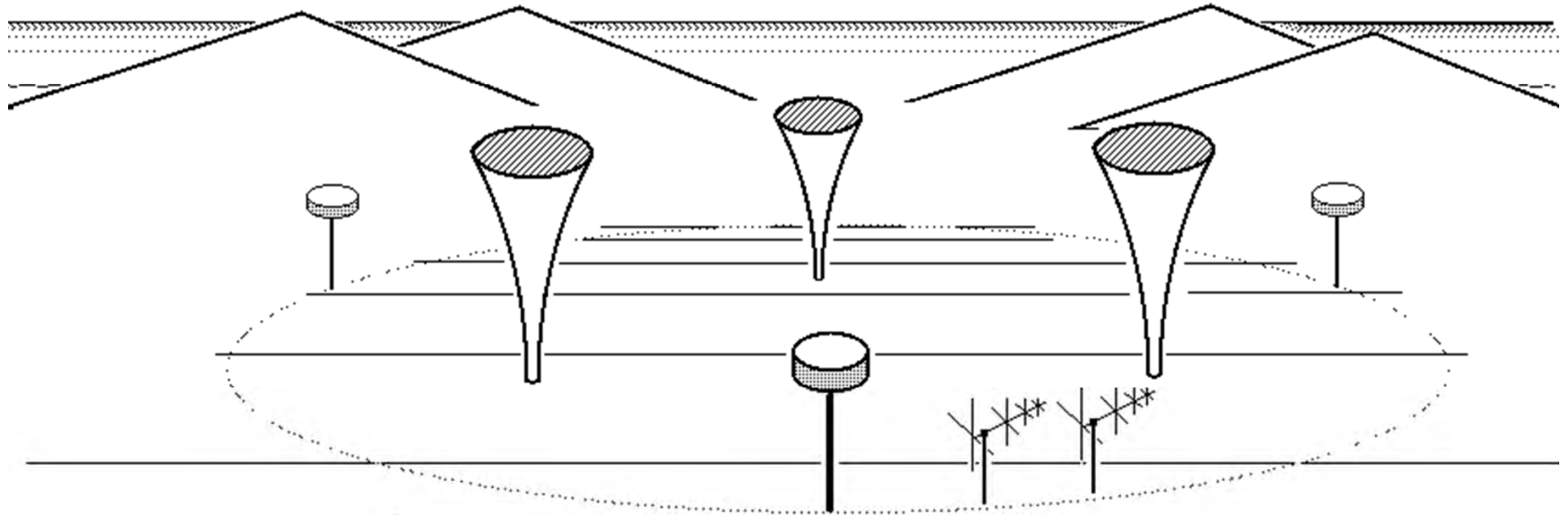




# $\Delta$ Antenna Temperature vs Time (RA)

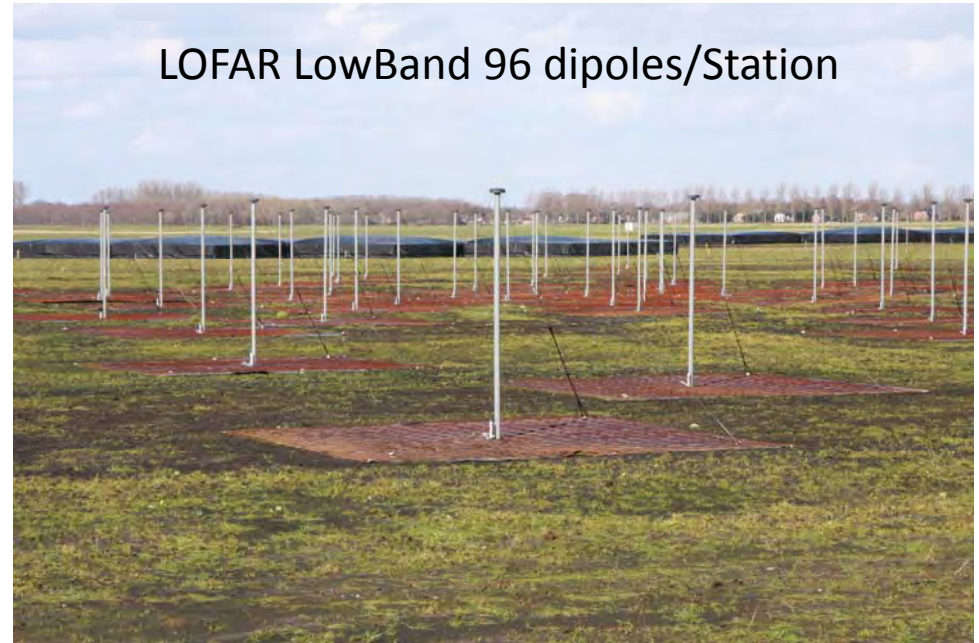


minimal array - with rfi and sun sensors



- Sparse Array of Small antennas
- Digitize at antenna
- Wide Bandwidth 100+ MHz
- Calibrate  $G(f)$  using array - use passbands on AC spectra

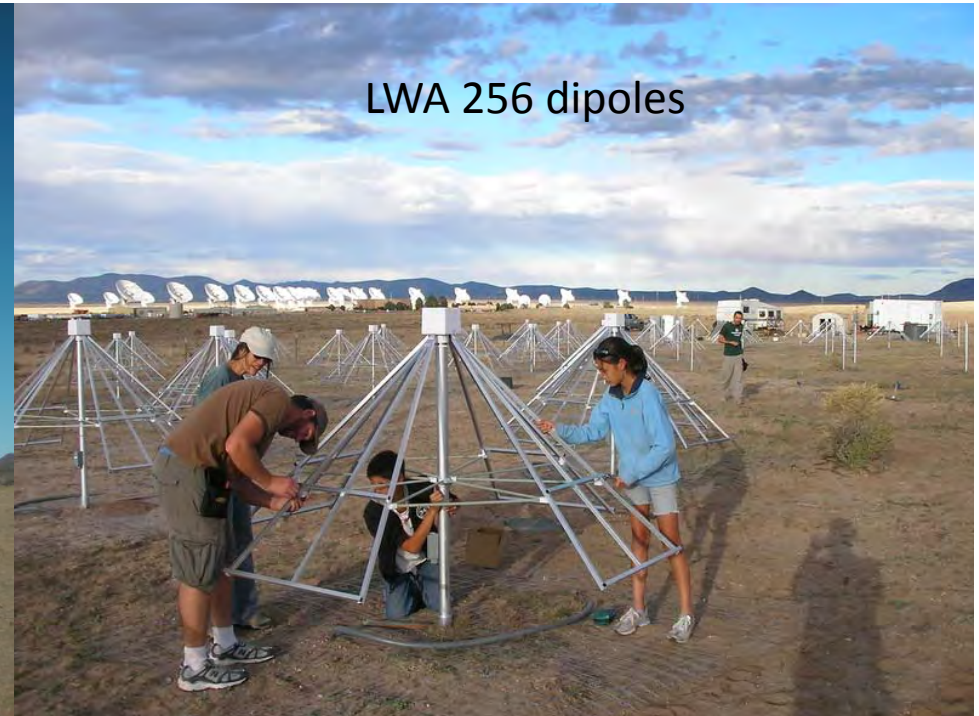
LOFAR LowBand 96 dipoles/Station



PAPER 128 dipoles



LWA 256 dipoles





# Conclusion:

We have scratched  
the surface of  
the problem.

Let's get on with

the show!

