

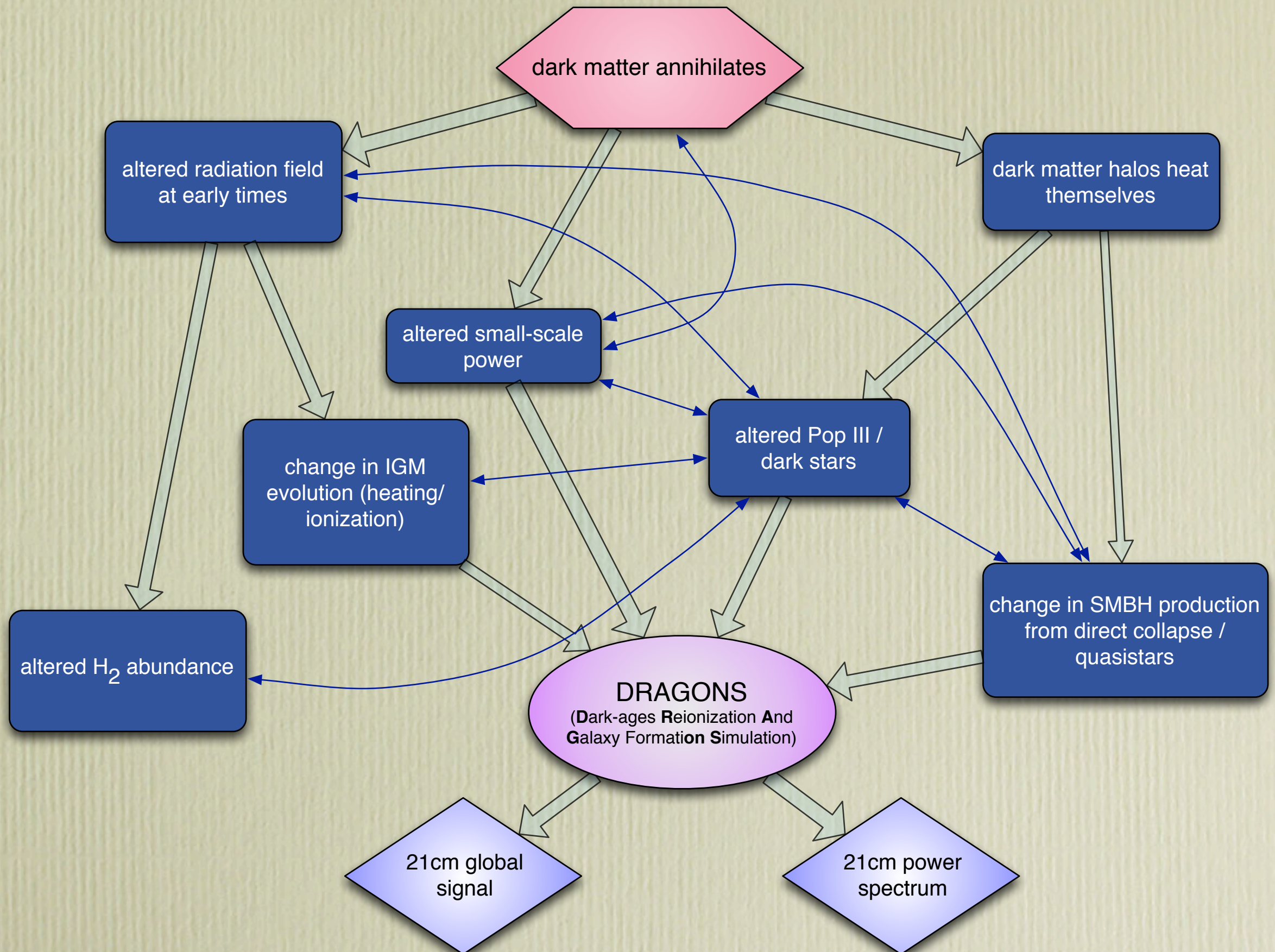
# Dark Matter Particle Physics in Cosmological Simulations

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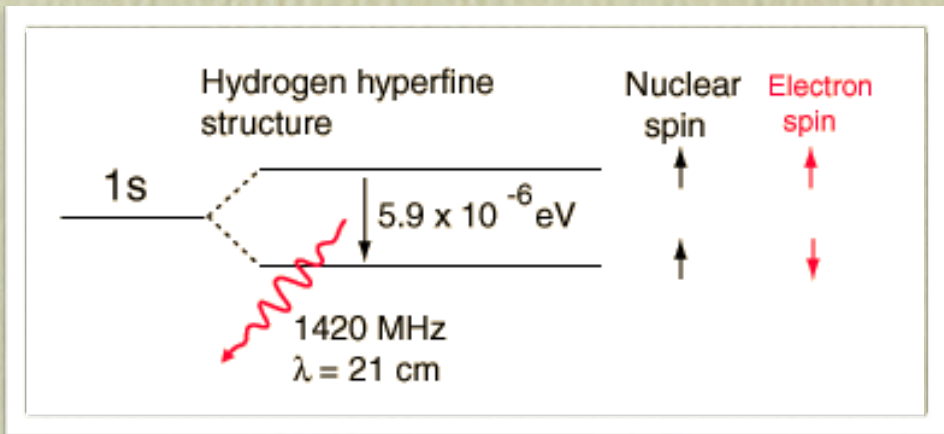
[www.ph.unimelb.edu.au/~kmack](http://www.ph.unimelb.edu.au/~kmack)  
✉ : @AstroKatie







# The 21cm line



- Advantages for studying reionization / dark ages:
  - Unsaturated line => strong dependence on H properties, low attenuation
  - Can be seen in absorption or emission against CMB -- no bright source needed



$z=50$   
 $\nu=28 \text{ MHz}$

$z=20$   
 $\nu=70 \text{ MHz}$

$z=13$   
 $\nu=100 \text{ MHz}$

$z=6$   
 $\nu=200 \text{ MHz}$

$z=0$   
 $\nu=1420 \text{ MHz}$



# 21cm & Fundamental Physics

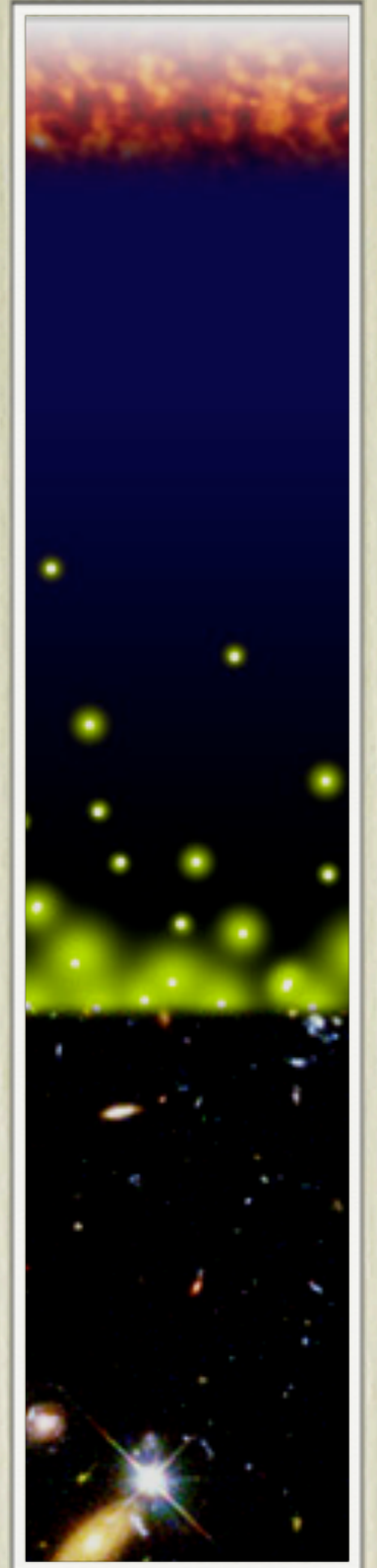
- Two regimes:
  - **Dark ages ( $z \sim 20-50$ )** -- “clean” signal of exotic physics, if it can be measured (no astrophysics yet)
  - **Epoch of Reionization ( $z \sim 6-10$ )** -- very sensitive to source populations & IGM properties (but also messy)
- Dark ages harder observationally, but easier to interpret exotic physics





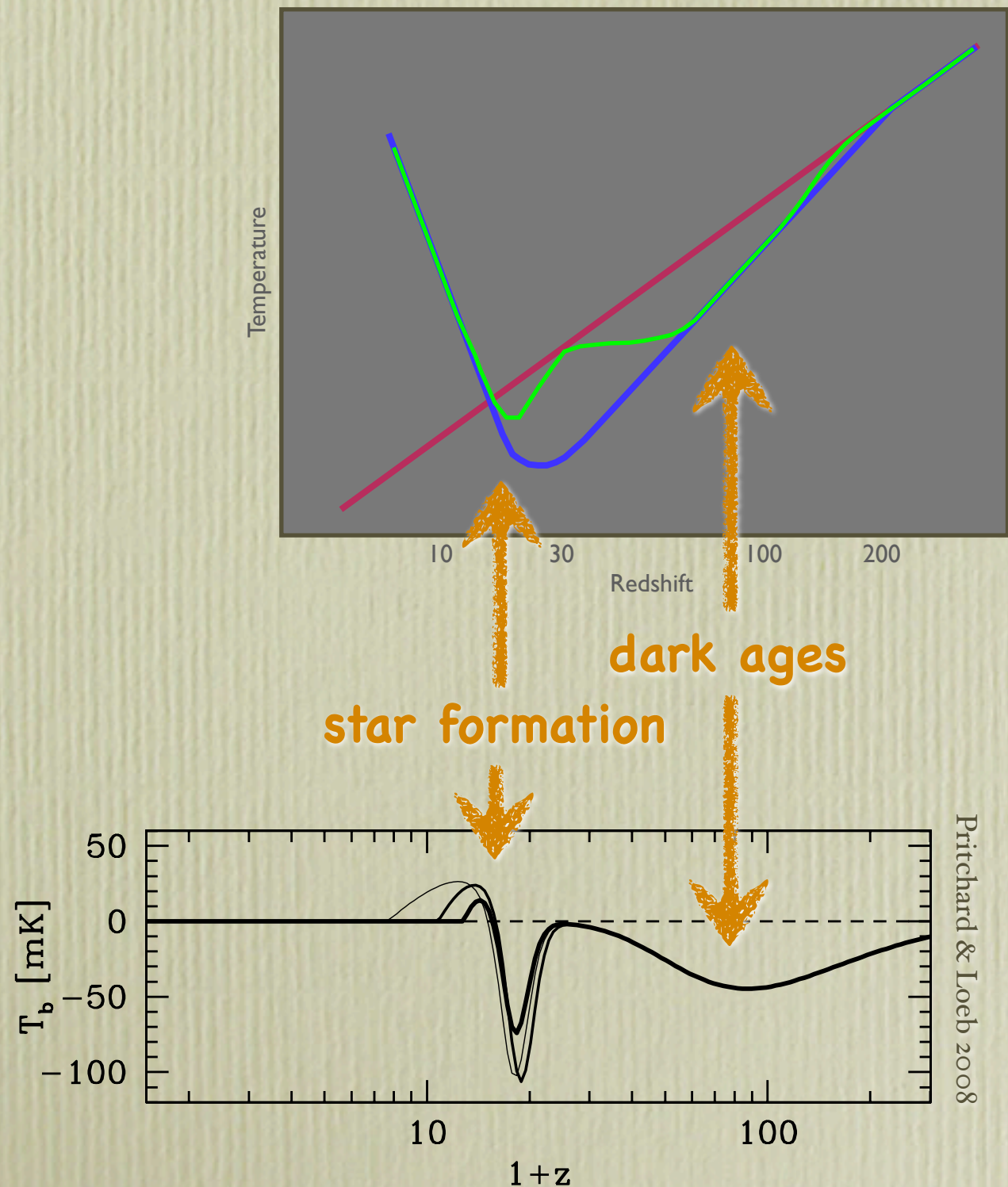
# 21cm & Fundamental Physics

- Major effects to look for:
  - Energy injection into the IGM (heating, ionization)
  - Alterations of small-scale power in matter distribution
  - Shape of matter power spectrum, non-gaussianities
  - Change in stellar or black hole populations





# Global Signal in 21cm



- The **spin temperature** determines the relative occupancy of the hyperfine levels
- The **brightness temperature** measured by observations is determined by the spin temperature's coupling to the CMB temperature



# Dark Matter Signals at High $z$

- Heating during the dark ages
  - CMB temperature and polarization
  - 21cm brightness temperature, power spectrum
- Altered stellar structure?
  - “Dark stars” (Freese, Dobler, Scott, Gondolo, others)
- Small-scale power spectrum (esp. hot DM)
- Chemistry ( $\text{H}_2$  abundance)



# Indirect Detection

- **Indirect detection** looks for the gamma-rays or particles that escape the halos -- but that's only a fraction of the energy
- Much of the annihilation energy goes to heating, ionization, photons that are absorbed locally

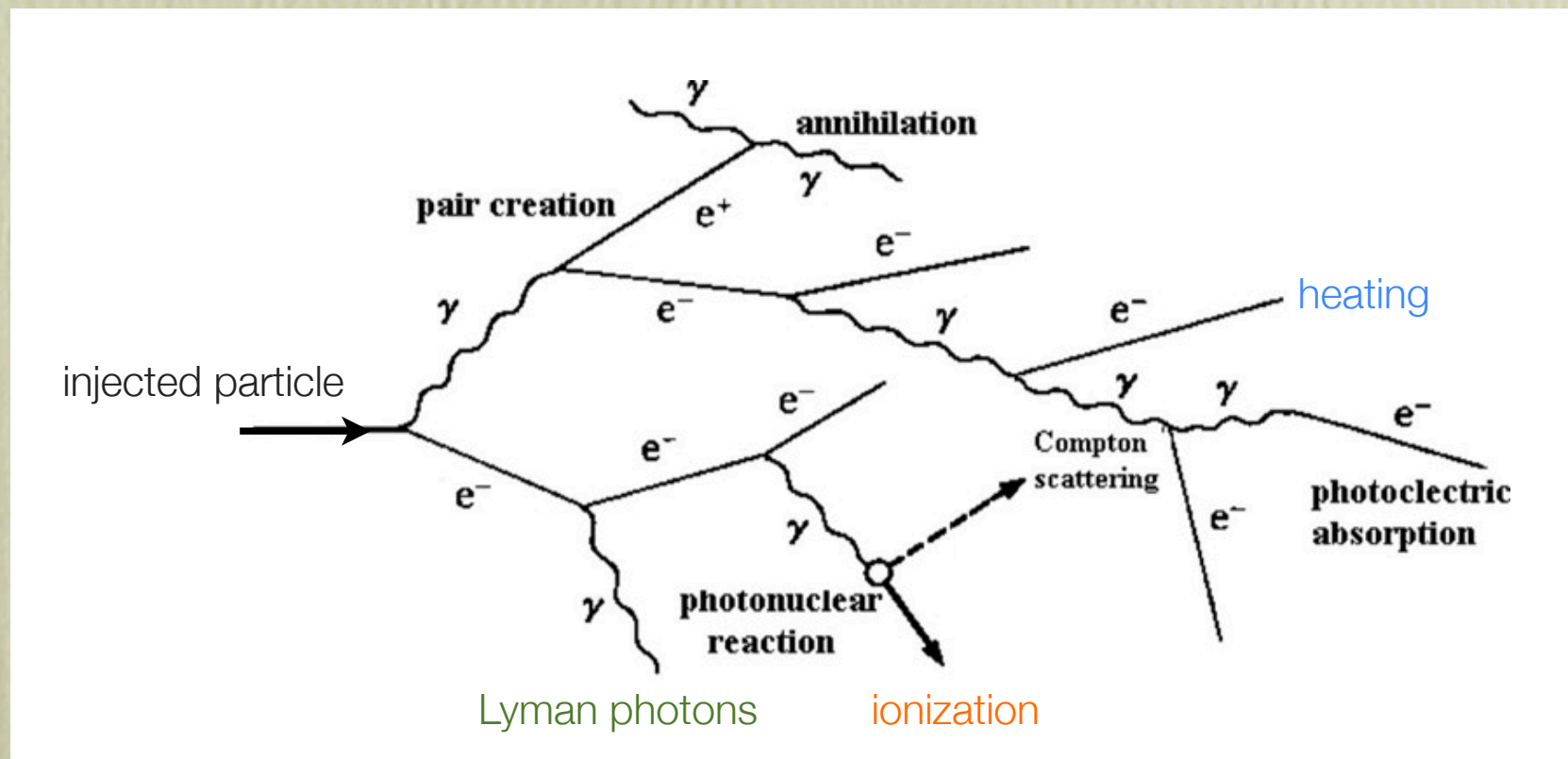
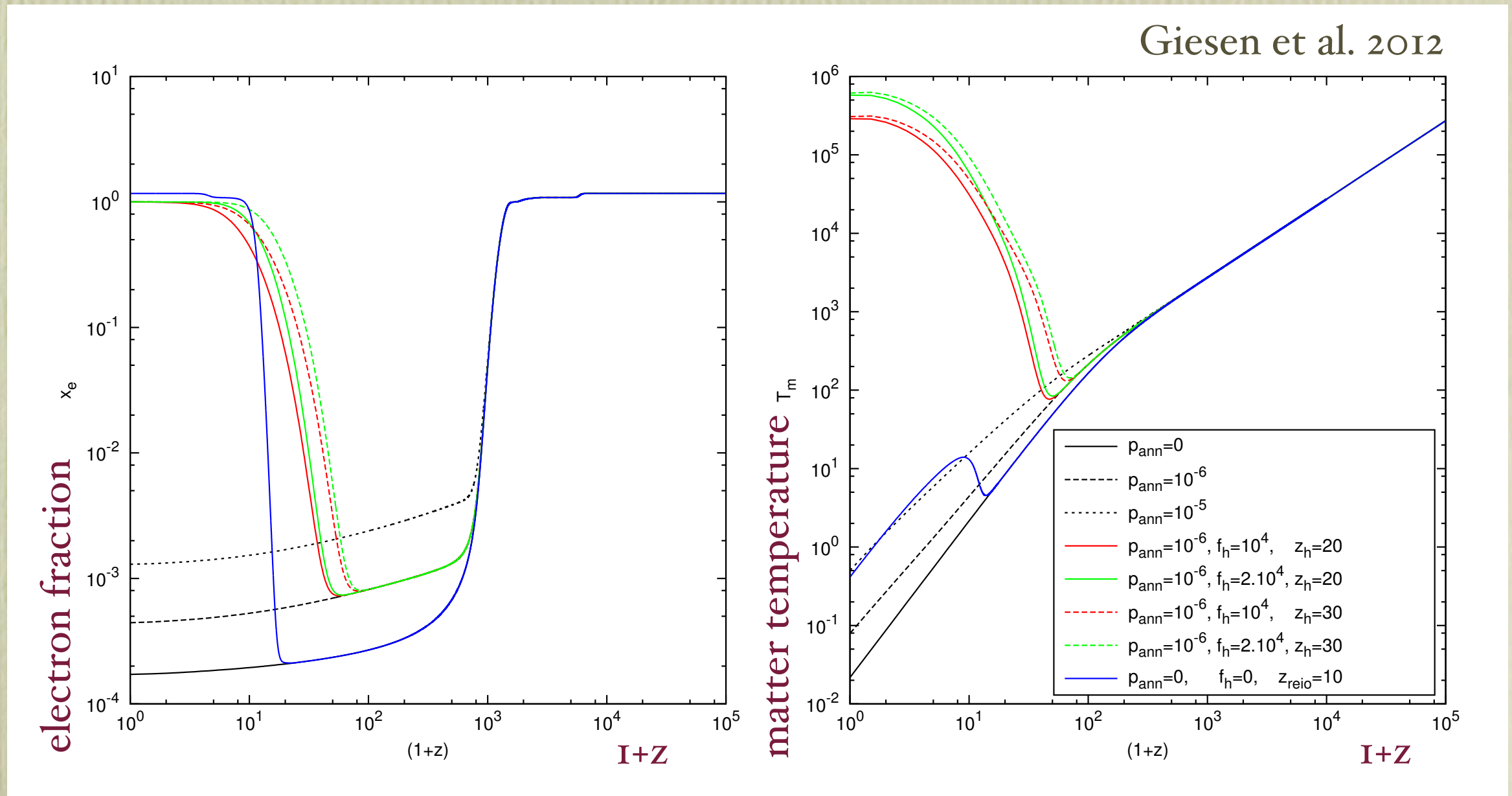


Image from talk by Carmelo Evoli



# IGM Ionization & Temperature

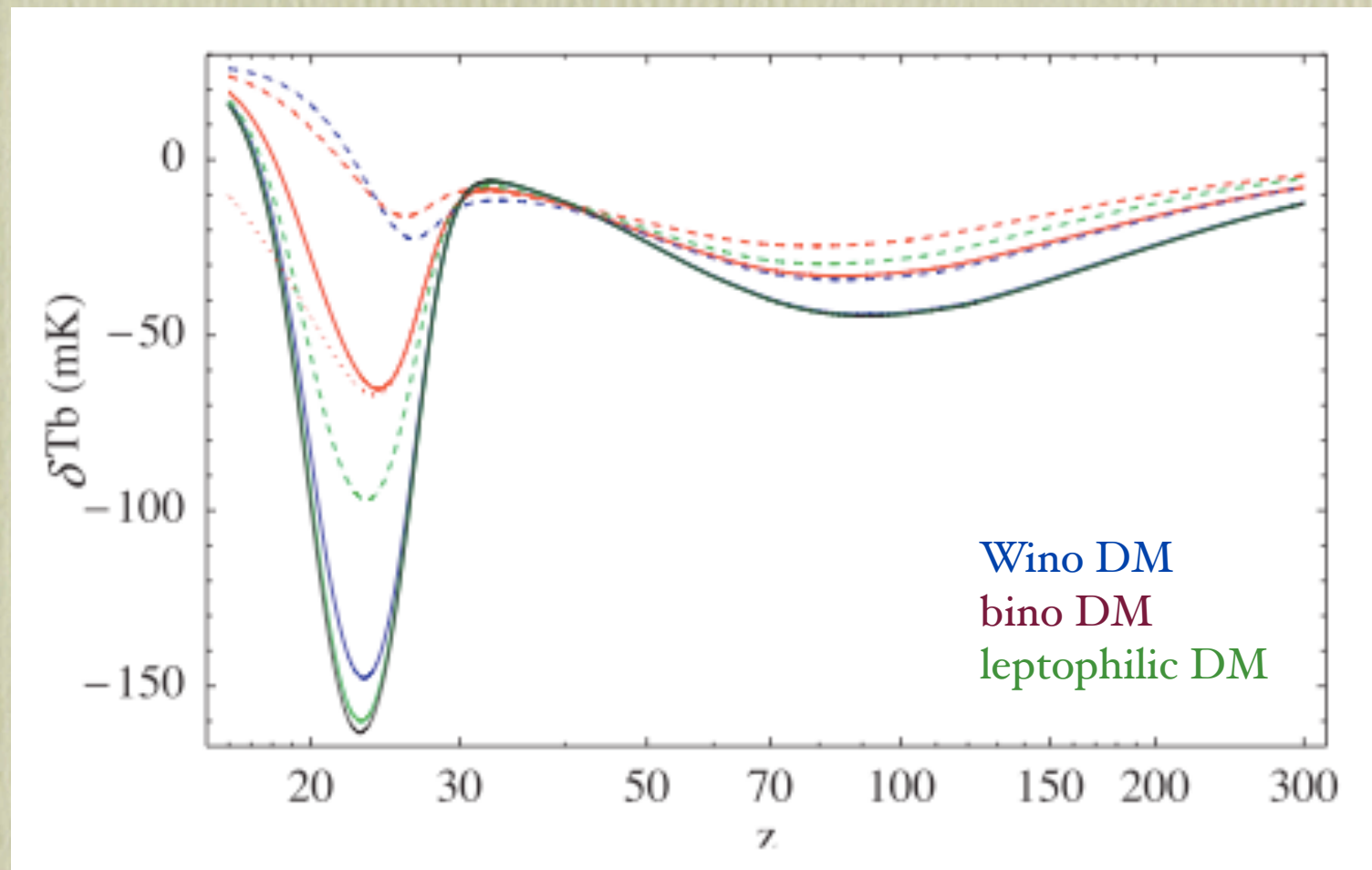


$p_{\text{ann}}$  = energy injection rate (normalized)

$f_h$  related to halo formation redshift & concentration (higher  $f_h$  = higher formation redshift)

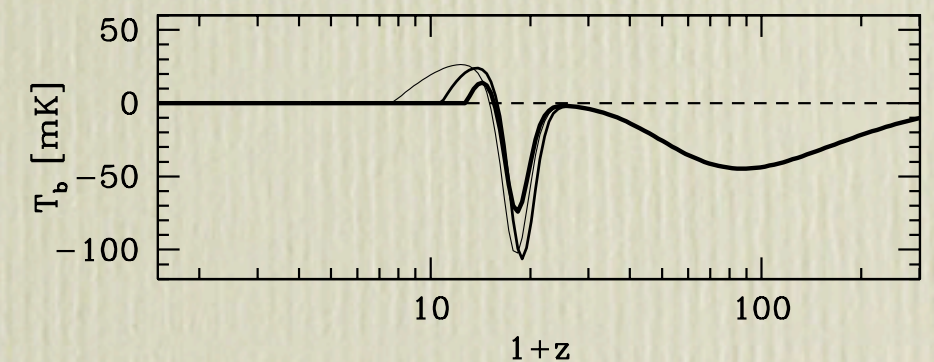


# 21cm Global Signal (IGM Heating/Ionization)



Valdes et al. 2012

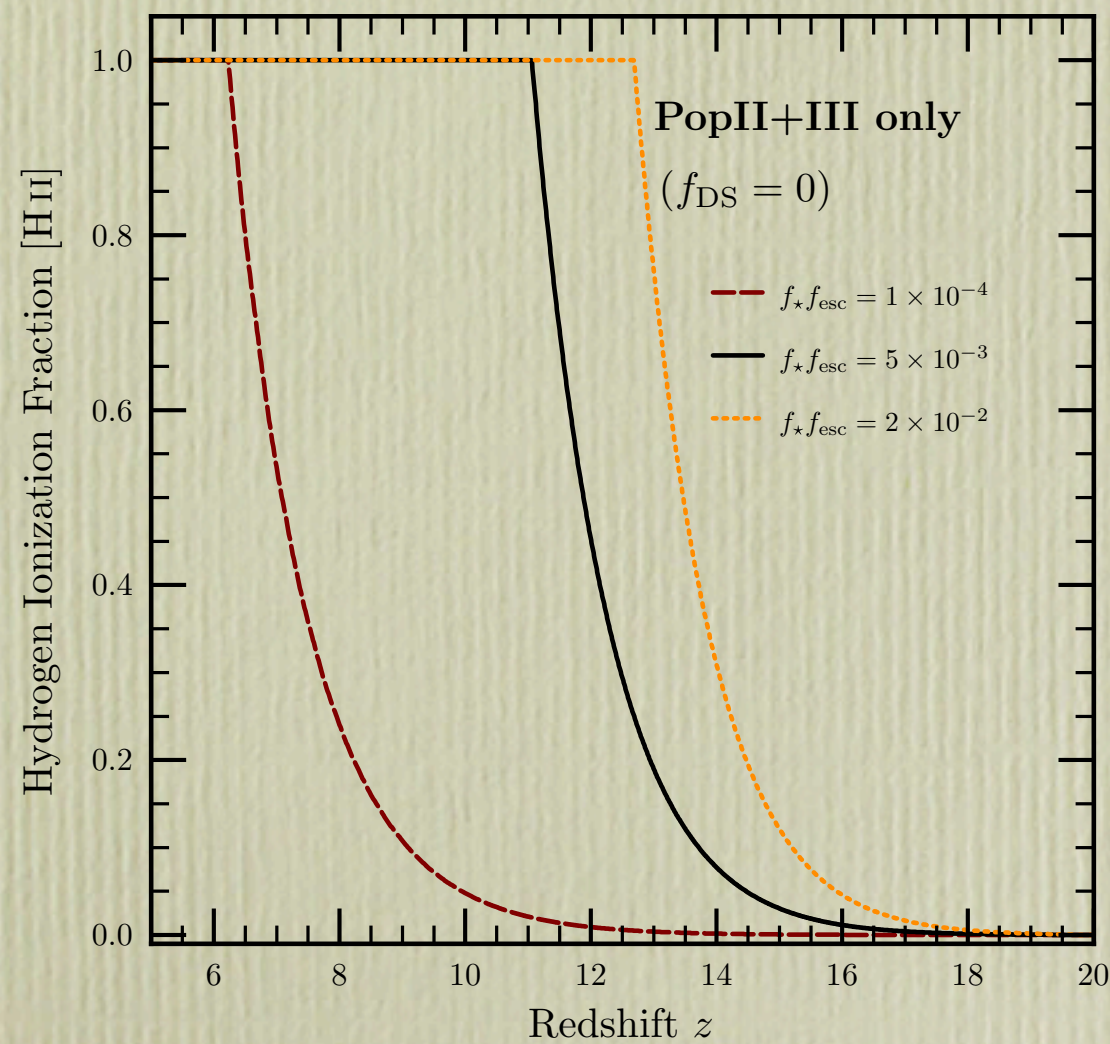
DM model	Mass (GeV)	$\langle\sigma v\rangle$ ( $\text{cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}$ )	$\epsilon_0$ ( $\text{eV s}^{-1}$ )	$\delta\tau_e$	Line style
$W^+W^-$	200	$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\text{th}} = 3.0 \times 10^{-26}$	$5.35 \times 10^{-25}$	$1.53 \times 10^{-3}$	Blue solid
$W^+W^-$	200	$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\text{max}} = 1.2 \times 10^{-24}$	$2.14 \times 10^{-23}$	$6.09 \times 10^{-2}$	Blue dashed
$b\bar{b}$	10	$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\text{th}} = 3.0 \times 10^{-26}$	$1.07 \times 10^{-23}$	$1.80 \times 10^{-2}$	Red solid
$b\bar{b}$	10	$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\text{max}} = 1.0 \times 10^{-25}$	$3.57 \times 10^{-23}$	$5.76 \times 10^{-2}$	Red dashed
$\mu^+\mu^-$	1000	$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\text{th}} = 3.0 \times 10^{-26}$	$1.07 \times 10^{-25}$	$1.42 \times 10^{-4}$	Green solid
$\mu^+\mu^-$	1000	$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\text{max}} = 1.4 \times 10^{-23}$	$4.99 \times 10^{-23}$	$6.18 \times 10^{-2}$	Green dashed



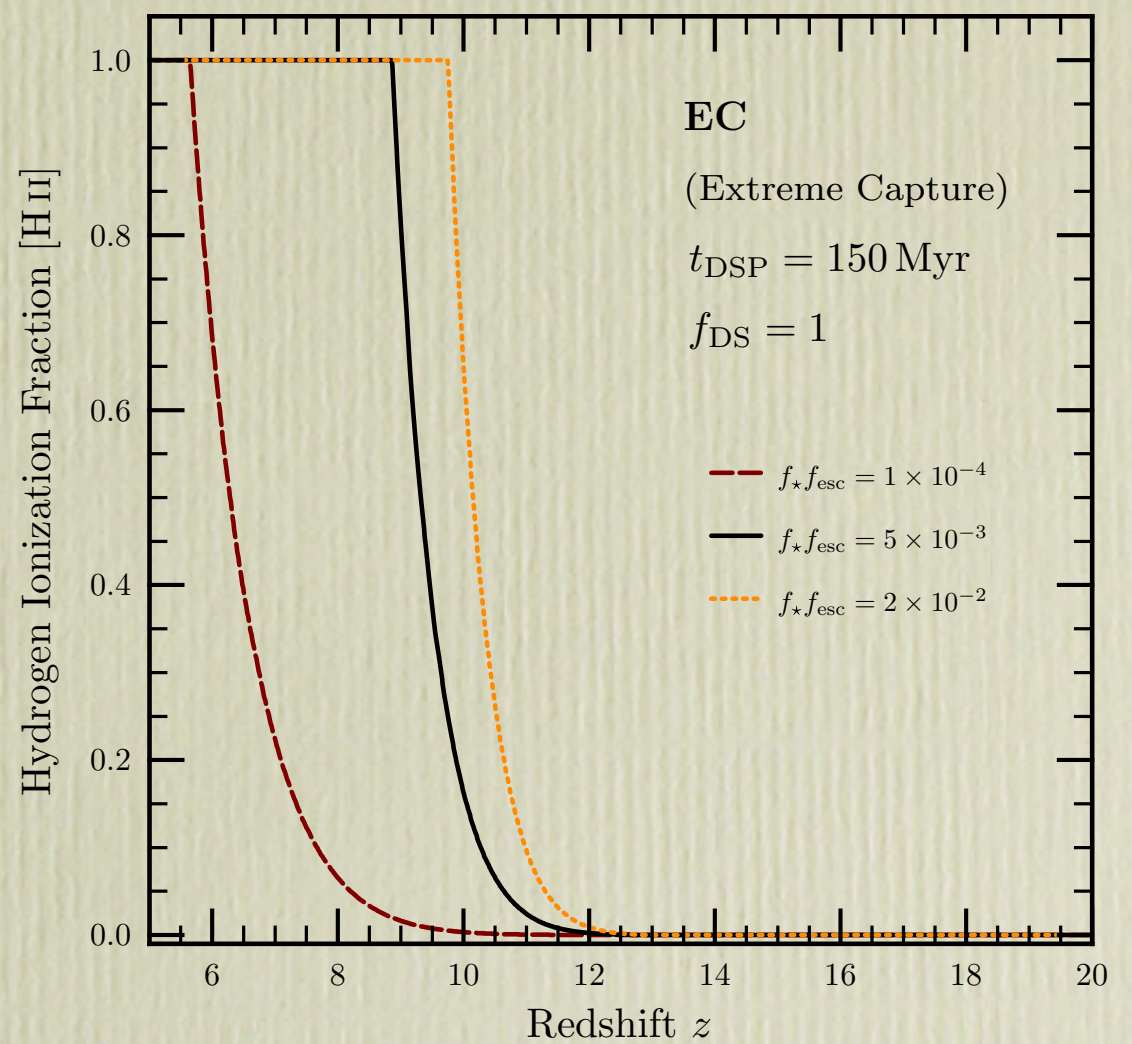




# Dark Stars



reionization **without** dark stars

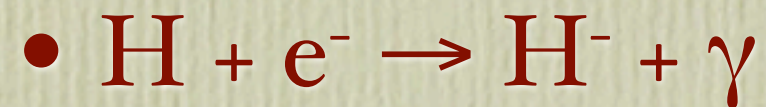


reionization **with** dark stars



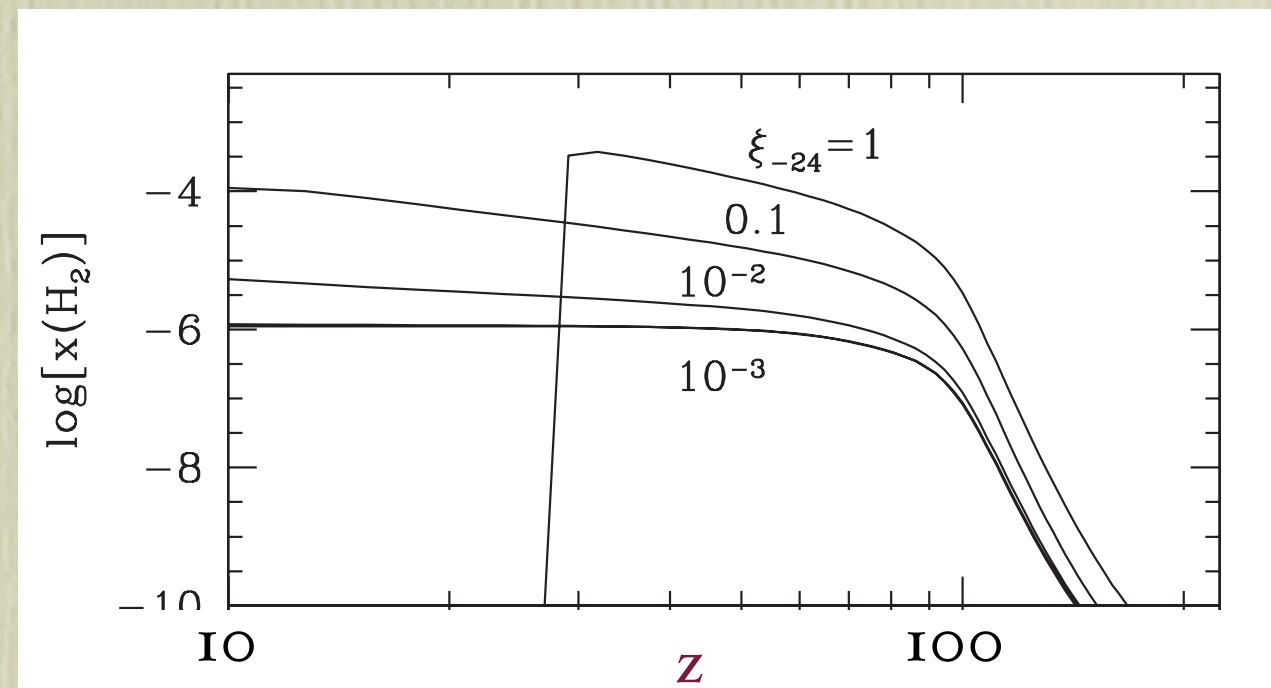
# Molecular Hydrogen

- Free electrons are a catalyst for  $H_2$  production:



- Sources of ionization (e.g., DM annihilation) can alter  $H_2$  abundance via ionization

Furlanetto, Oh & Pierpaoli 2006



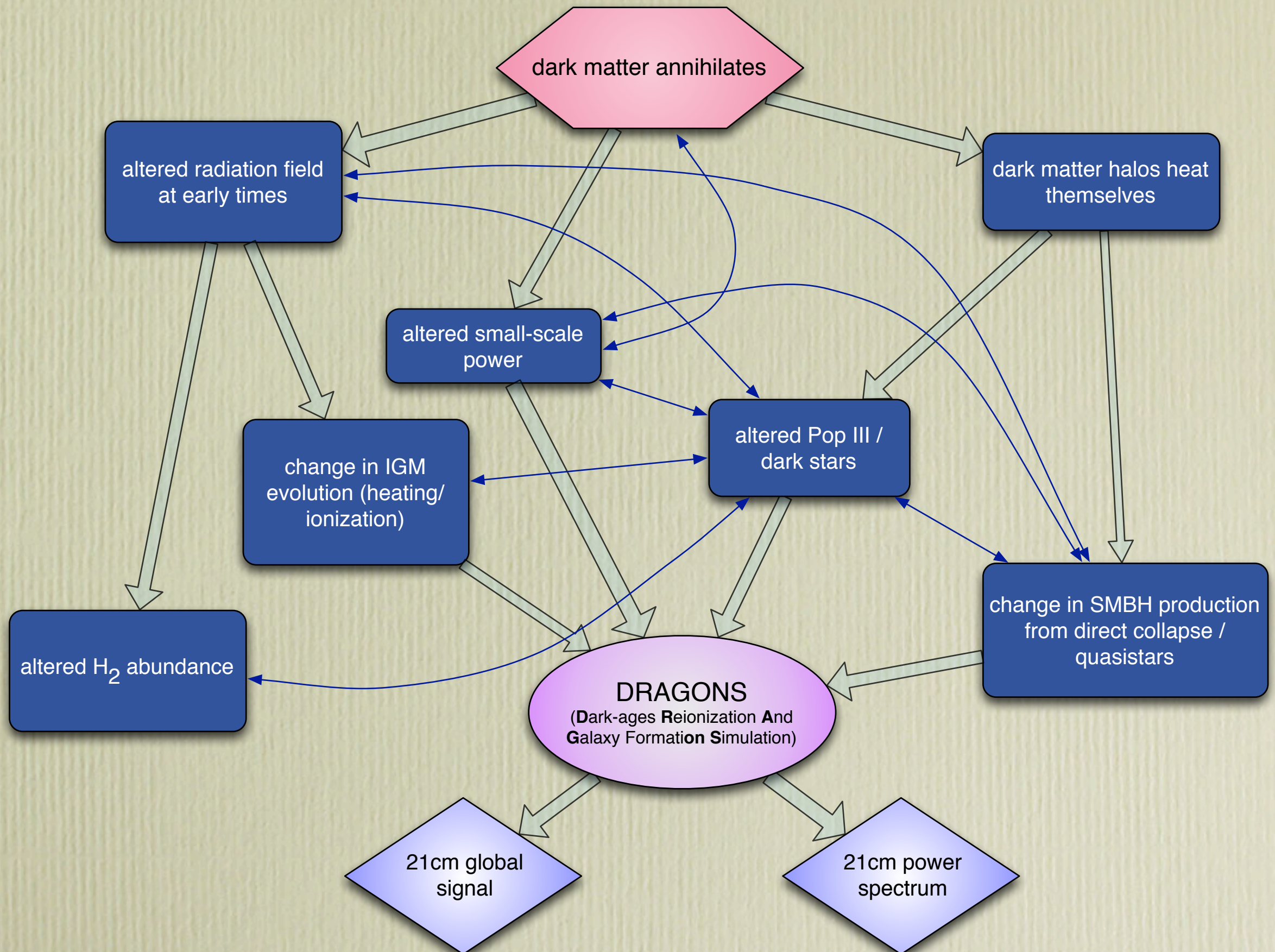
But UV can photo-dissociate  $H_2 \Rightarrow$   
must consider full  
particle cascade



# Putting it All Together

- Several ways DM can affect early structure formation and the high- $z$  21cm signal:
  - Internal heating of halos
    - Dark stars?
  - Overall evolution of IGM heating/ionization
    - New reionization models?
  - Radiation background
  - Small-scale power
    - Also feeds back into DM radiation, via  $\text{power} \propto \rho^2$  term
  - $\text{H}_2$  abundance
    - Star formation
    - Direct collapse BHs?







# DRAGONS Code

- Suite of codes being developed for galaxy formation and reionization
- Melbourne Simulation Group  
Paul Angel, Camila Correa, Alan Duffy, Akila Jeesson Daniel, Antonios Katsianis, Hansik Kim, Simon Mutch, Jaehong Park, Bart Pindor, Greg Poole, Edoardo Tescari, Stuart Wyithe ...and new student: Sarah Schön
- Based on: 2lcmFAST (Mesinger, Furlanetto & Cen), GADGET-2 (Springel), ROCKSTAR (Behroozi, Wechsler & Wu)
- **This project: Add dark matter particle physics**



# Ongoing & Future Work

- Plan for the next few years: Incorporate all these effects into DRAGONS code suite
- End goal:
  - (A) New pathway to DM constraints/detection and/or
  - (B) Estimate of uncertainties in reionization calculations due to uncertainty about DM



End