# Cosmology with RCSLenS



#### Ami Choi

in collaboration with many, including C. Heymans, H. Hildebrandt, C. Blake, S. Joudaki, M. Viola, T. Erben, L. Miller, L. van Waerbeke, A. Buddendiek, J. Harnois-Deraps, B. Joachimi, T. Kitching, R. Nakajima, T. Troester, A. Hojjati



Diving into the Dark, Cairns Thursday, July 21 2016

#### Overlapping Datasets CFHTLenS + BOSS, RCS + BOSS, WiggleZ

BOSS DR10 NGP



CFHTLenS



BOSS



# CFHTLenS/RCSLenS

154	effective area after removing overlaps and masks (deg <sup>2</sup> )	572
I 54	effective area w/ photo-z after removing overlaps and masks (deg <sup>2</sup> )	384
0.9 (0.7)	median redshift (eff. lens. sample)	0.6 (0.4)
	overlap w/WiggleZ (deg <sup>2</sup> )	181
87	overlap w/BOSS DR10 (deg <sup>2</sup> )	184
~ 4 (  )	effective galaxies/ arcmin <sup>2</sup>	~8 (5.5)

## Accepted/submitted

- Testing gravity through  $E_G$  Blake+2015 (arXiv: 1507.03086)
- Large-scale galaxy-matter correlations Buddendiek+2015 (arXiv:1512.03625)
- Testing n(z) through angular cross-correlations
  Choi+2015 (arXiv: 1512.03626)
- Cosmic distances from shear ratios Kitching+2015 (arXiv: 1512.03627)
- Description of survey and pipeline Hildebrandt, Choi +2016 (arXiv: 1603.07722)
- Cross-correlation with CMB lensing Harnois-Deraps+2016 (arXiv: 1603.07723)

## In preparation

- Cross-correlation with tSZ— Hojjati, Troester+2016
- Cross-correlation with gamma-rays—Troester+2016
- Cosmic shear & systematics (longer time-scale)
  - 4-filter photo-z without *u*-band not ideal
  - single-exposure surveys not ideal

NOTE: Catalogues with redshifts and shapes publicly available at CADC (many thanks to Stephen Gwyn) see link at <u>http://arxiv.org/abs/1603.07722</u> and via <u>www.rcslens.org</u> Testing n(z) through angular cross-correlations between spec-z and photo-z surveys

— Choi+2015 (arXiv: 1512.03626)







0.3 < z < 0.5







0.5 < z < 0.7







Let's say we have a way to estimate photo-z, with a probability distribution p(z) and corresponding single estimate  $z_B$ .

Use estimate of the photometric redshift distribution p(z) to determine 'contamination' fraction of given redshift bin.

observed # gals in photo-z bin j



photo-z

true # gals in photo-z bin j with spec-z in bin i P(z) z

Choi+2015 arXiv/1512.03626



subscript *ij* : *i* is spectroscopic redshift bin, *j* is photometric redshift bin

# Multiply observed data points of $w_{11}(\theta)$ by the contamination fraction to model $w_{12}(\theta)$ .

Choi+2015 arXiv/1512.03626



subscript *ij* : *i* is spectroscopic redshift bin, *j* is photometric redshift bin

Multiply observed data points of  $w_{11}(\theta)$  by the contamination fraction to model  $w_{12}(\theta)$ .

Compare with the observed data points of  $w_{12}(\theta)$ .

Choi+2015 arXiv/1512.03626





propagate to cosmology

### Summary

#### Catalogues with redshifts and shapes publicly available at CADC





